

Psychological Review Volume 4

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Psychological Review, Vol. 4 (Classic Reprint)

Excerpt from Psychological Review, Vol. 4 My statement that I am concerned with the self as knower and not directly with the empirical self commonly said to be known' needs a word Of explanation, and this I may insert here, though I think my meaning will be made sufficiently clear during the course Of my address. I am interested in the ques tion Of what knowledge means in psychology, and I discuss the self as the accepted subject of the act of knowing. Of course, any light which may be cast on the nature of knowledge will help to make clear what is meant by speaking of anything as known, ' and will help us to a better comprehension Of the em pirical' self in so far as it is a something known. Moreover, since the self as knower and the self as known have been and are generally very loosely distinguished from one another and even declared identical, it will be impossible for me to confine myself strictly to the self as knower. I must take the self as I find it, vague, ambiguous, inconsistent, and must simply try to come to some conclusion about its knowing' function. SO much for my aim. I shall try to remain so far as possi ble on psychological ground in my discussion, although the matter is, as I have said, also of interest to the epistemologist. One approaches such a theme, in the presence Of this critical audience, with a certain reverent hesitation, and would gladly pour out a libation, praying, as did Plotinus, for the gift Of cor rect discernment. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare

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The Psychoanalytic Review, Volume 4

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The International Journal of Indian Psychology, Volume 4, Issue 1, No. 75

The International Journal of Indian Psychology (e-ISSN 2348-5396 | P-ISSN 2349-3429) is an psychological peer-reviewed, academic journal that examines the intersection of Psychology, Education, and Home science. The journal is an international electronic and print journal published in quarterly.

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Moral Psychology, Volume 4

Leading philosophers, psychologists, and neuroscientists address issues of moral responsibility and free will, drawing on new findings from empirical science. Traditional philosophers approached the issues of free will and moral responsibility through conceptual analysis that seldom incorporated findings from empirical science. In recent decades, however, striking developments in psychology and neuroscience have captured the attention of many moral philosophers. This volume of Moral Psychology offers essays, commentaries, and replies by leading philosophers and scientists who explain and use empirical findings from psychology and neuroscience to illuminate old and new problems regarding free will and moral responsibility. The contributors—who include such prominent scholars as Patricia Churchland, Daniel Dennett, and Michael Gazzaniga—consider issues raised by determinism, compatibilism, and libertarianism; epiphenomenalism, bypassing, and naturalism; naturalism; and rationality and situationism. These writings show that although science does not settle the issues of free will and moral responsibility, it has enlivened the field by asking novel, profound, and important questions. Contributors Roy F. Baumeister, Tim Bayne, Gunnar Björnsson, C. Daryl Cameron, Hanah A. Chapman, William A. Cunningham, Patricia S. Churchland, Christopher G. Coutlee, Daniel C. Dennett, Ellen E. Furlong, Michael S. Gazzaniga, Patrick Haggard, Brian Hare, Lasana T. Harris, John-Dylan Haynes, Richard Holton, Scott A. Huettel, Robert Kane, Victoria K. Lee, Neil Levy, Alfred R. Mele, Christian Miller, Erman Misirlisoy, P. Read Montague, Thomas Nadelhoffer, Eddy Nahmias, William T. Newsome, B. Keith Payne, Derk Pereboom, Adina L. Roskies, Laurie R. Santos, Timothy Schroeder, Michael N. Shadlen, Walter Sinnott-Armstrong, Chandra Sripada, Christopher L. Suhler, Manuel Vargas, Gideon Yaffe

The Psychological Bulletin, 1907, Vol. 4

Excerpt from The Psychological Bulletin, 1907, Vol. 4: Containing the Literature Section of the Psychological Review The attitude of the psychologist towards his subject-matter seems to be less a question for debate or a theory for elaboration than for merly. In spite of the fact that the functional point of view seems to have almost completely won out, there continue efforts to be even more precise in the application of criteria to consciousness. Ostwald, for example, in his Cambridge address on Psychical Energy presents a restatement of his doctrine of energism in psychology. The value of a

chemical philo, sophy for psychology is made to appear in the applica tion of energy, our 'best and largest concept, ' to the equation which consciousness seems to require. Every mental process takes up and consumes chemical and physical energy which otherwise disappears in a man's make-up. 'as this theory is the only one which opens a way to connect the inner and the outer world by a functional relation, it has a distinct advantage over the theory of psycho-physical parallel ism, which is no theory at all, but only an arbitrary declaration that no such functional relation exists.' Another effort which remains more pertinently within the field of psychology and thus is the more to be commended, is an analysis of the fundamental functions of conscious ness made by Warren.I In order to avoid the partiality inevitable in the over-emphasis placed upon 'special adaptations to the environment in which conscious beings chance to be placed, ' he looks upon sensi bility, modification, differentiation, association and discrimination as basal functions to whose Operation every phenomenon of consciousness can be traced.' A possible feature of such an analysis is a more vital reunion of the analytic and genetic standpoints. There can indeed be only one result from this general methodological' clearing of the field which has attracted so much attention of late, and that will be to give psychology greater integrity as an independent science. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

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European Review of Social Psychology

An international collection of cutting edge ideas in social psychology European Review of Social Psychology, Volume 4 is part of an annual series designed to provide an outlet for theoretical and empirical work in the interest of furthering international exchange of ideas. Emphasizing the critical assessment of major areas of research and individual programs while exploring topics of contemporary interest and originality. In an attempt to reflect the dynamism of social psychology in Europe, this series publishes work from all nations, and many of these papers have never before been published in English.

A Theory of Human Motivation

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Psychological Review

This review of work in these two disciplines reveals the wide usefulness of the research done in them: applications to criminal justice, counselling, the study of voting behaviour and foreign policy are presented. The contributions also display the increasing technical sophistication of the field. Key issues of professional interest are also studied, such as the ethical complexities of deception and informed consent in social research. '...a book for the specialist who is both interested in the personality aspects and social aspects of psychology. It is of value to any sociology or psychology department especially that of the latter dealing with personality study.' -- School Psychology International

Review of Personality and Social Psychology

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Volume 11 brings together all of Dewey's writings for 1918 and 1919. A Modern Language Association Committee on Scholarly Editions textual edition. Dewey's dominant theme in these pages is war and its after-math. In the Introduction, Oscar and Lilian Handlin discuss his philosophy within the historical context: The First World War slowly ground to its costly conclusion; and the immensely more difficult task of making peace got painfully under way. The armistice that some expected would permit a return to normalcy opened instead upon a period of turbulence that agitated further a society already unsettled by preparations for battle and by debilitating conflict overseas. After spending the first half of 1918-19 on sabbatical from Columbia at the University of California, Dewey traveled to Japan and China, where he lectured, toured, and assessed in his essays the relationship between the two nations. From Peking he reported the student revolt known as the May Fourth Movement. The forty items in this volume also include an analysis of Thomas Hobbes's philosophy; an affectionate commemorative tribute to Theodore Roosevelt, our Teddy; the syllabus for Dewey's lectures at the Imperial University in Tokyo, which were later revised and published as *Reconstruction in Philosophy*; an exchange with former disciple Randolph Bourne about F. Matthias Alexander's *Man's Supreme Inheritance*; and, central to Dewey's creed, *Philosophy and Democracy*. His involvement in a study of the Polish-American community in Philadelphia--resulting in an article, two memoranda, and a lengthy report--is discussed in detail in the Introduction and in the Note on the Confidential Report of Conditions among the Poles in the United States.

The Middle Works of John Dewey, Volume 4, 1899 - 1924

PREFACE. THE Author of this very practical treatise on Scotch Loch - Fishing desires clearly that it may be of use to all who had it. He does not pretend to have written anything new, but to have attempted to put what he has to say in as readable a form as possible. Everything in the way of the history and habits of fish has been studiously avoided, and technicalities have been used as sparingly as possible. The writing of this book has afforded him pleasure in his leisure moments, and that pleasure would be much increased if he knew that the perusal of it would create any bond of sympathy between himself and the angling community in general. This section is interleaved with blank sheets for the readers notes. The Author need hardly say that any suggestions addressed to the case of the publishers, will meet with consideration in a future edition. We do not pretend to write or enlarge upon a new subject. Much has been said and written-and well said and written too on the art of fishing but loch-fishing has been rather looked upon as a second-rate performance, and to dispel this idea is one of the objects for which this present treatise has been written. Far be it from us to say anything against fishing, lawfully practised in any form but many pent up in our large towns will bear us out when we say that, on the whole, a days loch-fishing is the most convenient. One great matter is, that the loch-fisher is dependent on nothing but enough wind to curl the water, -and on a large loch it is very seldom that a dead calm prevails all day, -and can make his arrangements for a day, weeks beforehand whereas the stream-fisher is dependent for a good take on the state of the water and however pleasant and easy it may be for one living near the banks of a good trout stream or river, it is quite another matter to arrange for a days river-fishing, if one is looking forward to a holiday at a date some weeks ahead. Providence may favour the expectant angler with a good day, and the water in order but experience has taught most of us that the good days are in the minority, and that, as is the case with our rapid running streams, -such as many of our northern streams are, -the water is either too large or too small, unless, as previously remarked, you live near at hand, and can catch it at its best. A common belief in regard to loch-fishing is, that the tyro and the experienced angler have nearly the same chance in fishing, -the one from the stern and the other from the bow of the same boat. Of all the absurd beliefs as to loch-fishing, this is one of the most absurd. Try it. Give the tyro either end of the boat he likes give him a cast of ally flies he may fancy, or even a cast similar to those which a crack may be using and if he catches one for every three the other has, he may consider himself very lucky. Of course there are lochs where the fish are not abundant, and a beginner may come across as many as an older fisher but we speak of lochs where there are fish to be caught, and where each has a fair chance. Again, it is said that the boatman

has as much to do with catching trout in a loch as the angler. Well, we don't deny that. In an untried loch it is necessary to have the guidance of a good boatman but the same argument holds good as to stream-fishing...

Employment Psychology - The Application of Scientific Methods to the Selection, Training and Rating of Employees

First published in 1986. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Relative Deprivation and Social Comparison

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Biennial Report of the President of the University on Behalf of the Board of Regents

This book has been considered by academicians and scholars of great significance and value to literature. This forms a part of the knowledge base for future generations. So that the book is never forgotten we have represented this book in a print format as the same form as it was originally first published. Hence any marks or annotations seen are left intentionally to preserve its true nature.

Biennial Report of the President of the University on Behalf of the Regents ..

Excerpt from The Psychoanalytic Review, Vol. 4 Such a concept is that of individual as it has been used in the domain of psychopathology. What constitutes an individual and what defines and limits the individual has never been formulated because it was so obvious that the questions never were asked, and so the concept individual has gone the broad and easy way toward static concreteness and must needs be rescued, shaken up, rejuvenated, born again in a more plastic state so that it can be moulded and made to fit, in a useful way, into the new structure that is being raised. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

Annual Report of the President of the University on Behalf of the Regents to His Excellency the Governor of the State of California

Excerpt from Mind, 1895, Vol. 4: A Quarterly Review of Psychology and PhilosophyIN this paper I have no special conclusion to advocate, nor, so far as practice goes, do I know what conclusion it suggests. I have found the intensity of psychical states a most ambiguous term, and I have seen no discussion of its sense which has satisfied my mind. And my aim in these pages is to endeavour to reopen the subject. I will attempt first to remove what seem to myself to be some errors and prejudices, and I will then go on to enquire into the meaning of psychical strength.About the PublisherForgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.comThis book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

Report of the President

Excerpt from The Psychological Review, Vol. 10 Psychological tradition is practically unanimous in distinguishing two fundamentally different conditions under which the perception of motion may occur. The one presupposes a relatively motionless eye, and offers sensory data composed exclusively of the displacement and modification of the retinal image. The other condition is characterized by certain forms of eye movement which are supposed to furnish perceptual data quite independent of all modification of the retinal image. Concerning the exact form of the sensory data which operate under the former circumstances, there is less unanimity. For the purposes of our discussion it is sufficient to recall four main varieties. The most important of them all is generally held to be the simple displacement of the retinal image, when the consequent successive excitation of different local signs is supposed to condition an immediate perception both of the direction and of the extent of motion. This main angular displacement of the retinal image must be distinguished from a secondary angular displacement which was especially emphasized by Hoppe. The latter consists of irregular movements of the retinal image following the accidental variations which occur in the direction or velocity of most perceptible forms of objective motion. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

Biennial Report of the President of the University on Behalf of the Board of Regents to His Excellency the Governor of the State

Report of the President of the University on Behalf of the Regents