Chattanooga Death Grip Confederacy

#Chattanooga Civil War #Confederate defense #Battle of Chattanooga #Western Theater strategy #American Civil War history

The phrase "Chattanooga Death Grip Confederacy" vividly portrays the desperate and strategic struggle by Confederate forces to maintain control of Chattanooga, a crucial railway hub during the American Civil War. This represents the intense, fiercely contested battles of late 1863, where the Confederacy made a tenacious last stand against Union advances, recognizing Chattanooga's pivotal importance for their supply lines and overall war effort in the Western Theater, underscoring their unyielding, almost suffocating hold on the vital city.

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Chattanooga Death Grip Confederacy

The Battle of Chattanooga (1863) - Part 1 - The Battle of Chattanooga (1863) - Part 1 by Threads from the National Tapestry 75,639 views 1 month ago 44 minutes - It was fall in the year 1863. Much had changed since the summer. Back in July, a doomed assault on Cemetery Ridge meant ... What Happened to Confederates After the Civil War? | Animated History - What Happened to Confederates After the Civil War? | Animated History by The Armchair Historian 1,642,591 views 7 months ago 16 minutes - Sources: Blair, William A. With Malice Toward Some: Treason and Loyalty in the Civil War Era. Chapel Hill: University of North ...

Shelby Foote on Stonewall Jackson's death - Shelby Foote on Stonewall Jackson's death by Speglord 6,508 views 8 months ago 1 minute, 31 seconds - Shelby Foote recounting the last moments of Stonewall Jackson, the famous **Confederate**, general of the American Civil War.

Battles for Chattanooga, Brown's Ferry to Ringgold Gap | Full Documentary Animated Battle Map - Battles for Chattanooga, Brown's Ferry to Ringgold Gap | Full Documentary Animated Battle Map by History Gone Wilder | Have History Will Travel 16,875 views 3 months ago 1 hour, 6 minutes - After the Battle of Chickamauga, the Union Army of the Cumberland retreated back to **Chattanooga**, and dug in. The **Confederate**, ...

Confederate Generals killed in combat, deathsites, and graves...Part III - Confederate Generals killed in combat, deathsites, and graves...Part III by Tim Kent 699,196 views 14 years ago 7 minutes, 37 seconds - Part III of my tribute to the **Confederate**, Generals **killed**, in combat, their deathsites and their graves.

Did the CONFEDERACY Have BETTER GENERALS? - Atun-Shei Reaction Part 2 - Did the CONFEDERACY Have BETTER GENERALS? - Atun-Shei Reaction Part 2 by Vlogging Through History 239,967 views 2 years ago 41 minutes - Special Thanks to the following who are the official sponsors of this channel: Tier 6 - Elijah Norrick, Finn Haines, Han Pol, Jack the ...

George Armstrong Custer Was a Very Good Cavalry Commander

Grant's Vicksburg Campaign in May of 1863

Ulysses S Grant

The Overland Campaign

Greatest Victory

The Siege of Vicksburg

Grant and Lee Treated Their Slaves

Abraham Lincoln

Did the CONFEDERACY Have BETTER GENERALS? - Atun-Shei Reaction Part 1 - Did the CONFEDERACY Have BETTER GENERALS? - Atun-Shei Reaction Part 1 by Vlogging Through History 378,194 views 2 years ago 37 minutes - Special Thanks to the following who are the official sponsors of this channel: Tier 6 - Elijah Norrick, Finn Haines, Han Pol, Jack the ...

Misery at Murfreesboro - The Battle of Stones River (1862) - Misery at Murfreesboro - The Battle of Stones River (1862) by Threads from the National Tapestry 25,898 views 1 month ago 49 minutes - For Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis, the summer and fall of 1862 was a veritable roller coaster ride of emotion, from ...

The Indians Called Him "Death Wind:" Lewis Wetzel, the Fierce Frontiersman of Western Virginia - The Indians Called Him "Death Wind:" Lewis Wetzel, the Fierce Frontiersman of Western Virginia by Unworthy History 407,303 views 7 months ago 42 minutes - In this episode we read from "History of the Early Settlement and Indian Wars of West Virginia," by Wills De Hass, published in ...

What Happened to Confederates after the Civil War - Armchair Historian Reaction - What Happened to Confederates after the Civil War - Armchair Historian Reaction by Vlogging Through History 84,388 views 7 months ago 31 minutes - See the original video here - https://youtu.be/S66Bs8ixvdQ Support VTH on patreon: https://patreon.com/vth Follow me on ...

A. P. Hill: Confederate Warrior | Full Documentary - A. P. Hill: Confederate Warrior | Full Documentary by History Gone Wilder | Have History Will Travel 903,235 views 1 year ago 3 hours, 5 minutes - Ambrose Powell Hill doesn't get as much attention from the Civil War community as some of the more prominent names of the ...

Ulysses S. Grant Vs Robert E. Lee: Battle For America | Great Battles Of The Civil War | Timeline - Ulysses S. Grant Vs Robert E. Lee: Battle For America | Great Battles Of The Civil War | Timeline by Timeline - World History Documentaries 166,483 views 10 months ago 53 minutes - Follow our journey into the horror and heroism of the American Civil War's key battles from 1861-1865. Over 600000 American ...

Intro

Hospitals

Battle of Chancellorsville

Battle of Fleetwood Hill

Battle of Gettysburg

Picketts Charge

Vicksburg Surrender

Battle of Chickamauga

Grant and Sherman

Prison Camps

Battle of the Wilderness

Siege of Petersburg

Battle of Atlanta

Final moments of the war

Abraham Lincoln assassinated

Conclusion

Wasn't it KINDA About STATES' RIGHTS?!?!?!?! - Wasn't it KINDA About STATES'

RIGHTS?!?!?!?!?! by Atun-Shei Films 1,401,398 views 1 year ago 54 minutes - Episode 8 of Checkmate, Lincolnites! Debunking the Lost Cause myth that the South seceded because of states' rights. Support ...

Lincoln Instructs Grant - Lincoln Instructs Grant by Alonso Alvarado 3,240,807 views 8 years ago 4 minutes, 51 seconds - Description.

Did Confederate Soldiers FIGHT for SLAVERY?! - Did Confederate Soldiers FIGHT for SLAVERY?! by Atun-Shei Films 1,035,872 views 4 years ago 9 minutes, 1 second - Episode 2 of Checkmate, Lincolnites! Debunking the Lost Cause myth that Johnny Reb, the common **Confederate**, soldier, didn't ...

Why Is The Battle Of Chattanooga Iconic In The American Civil War? #shorts - Why Is The Battle Of

Chattanooga Iconic In The American Civil War? #shorts by Today Years Ago 550 views 1 year ago 52 seconds – play Short - shorts #history #education Battle of **Chattanooga**,,on November 23 in 1863, in the American Civil War, a decisive engagement ...

Confederate Prisoners, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1864 - Confederate Prisoners, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1864 by ron minor 3,734 views 6 years ago 6 minutes, 6 seconds - This is a series where I have been taking Civil War photographs from the Library of Congress and creating a 2.5D effect by adding ... Confederate Generals killed, deathsites, and burial sites - Confederate Generals killed, deathsites, and burial sites by Tim Kent 79,991 views 14 years ago 6 minutes, 1 second - This video is Part 1 of all the **Confederate**, Generals **killed**, in action, their deathsites when known and their burial sites. Battles for Chattanooga, Part 1 | Brown's Ferry and Wauhatchie Animated Battle Map - Battles for Chattanooga, Part 1 | Brown's Ferry and Wauhatchie Animated Battle Map by History Gone Wilder | Have History Will Travel 5,314 views 4 months ago 15 minutes - After the Battle of Chickamauga, the Union Army of the Cumberland retreated back to **Chattanooga**, and dug in. The **Confederate**, ... Confederate Cemetery Chattanooga - Confederate Cemetery Chattanooga by Andy's Journeys 2,061 views 3 years ago 7 minutes, 17 seconds - A **Confederate**, cemetery near UTC campus in **Chattanooga**, TN. This place has an interesting location between two other ...

Did the CONFEDERACY Have BETTER GENERALS?!?!?! - Did the CONFEDERACY Have BETTER GENERALS?!?!?! by Atun-Shei Films 2,138,791 views 2 years ago 49 minutes - Episode 7 of Checkmate, Lincolnites! Debunking Lost Cause myths – as well as more benign common misconceptions – about ...

Confederates Killed in Battle Part 1 (The Civil War Diaries S3E10) - Confederates Killed in Battle Part 1 (The Civil War Diaries S3E10) by BirdDogg 14,436 views 2 years ago 8 minutes, 28 seconds - (The Civil War Diaries S3E10) **Confederate**, Generals **Killed**, in Battle Part 1 In this video we review some of the Generals **Killed**, in ...

C-SPAN Cities Tour- Chattanooga: Chattanooga's Civil War History - C-SPAN Cities Tour- Chattanooga: Chattanooga's Civil War History by C-SPAN 11,066 views 10 years ago 10 minutes, 20 seconds - In 1863, Union and **Confederate**, forces fought for control of **Chattanooga**,, known as the "Gateway to the Deep South.

Intro

Railroads

The Campaign

Aftermath

Missionary Ridge

Chattanooga Cemetery | The Lunatics Project - Chattanooga Cemetery | The Lunatics Project by TheLunaticsProject 78 views 2 years ago 2 minutes, 16 seconds - This is the **Chattanooga Confederate**, Cemetery, located in **Chattanooga**,, Tennessee. In 2018 the city removed itself as a trustee to ...

Ulysses S Grant - Battle of Chattanooga - History - Ulysses S Grant - Battle of Chattanooga - History by Scots Grey 125,243 views 2 years ago 4 minutes, 46 seconds - In the Eastern Theatre of War, the union were continually on the losing side and made little or no progress. Only U.S Grant is ... HIDDEN CONFEDERATE CEMETERY! CIVIL WAR HISTORY! - HIDDEN CONFEDERATE CEMETERY! CIVIL WAR HISTORY! by Family Tree Nuts, History & Genealogy Service 19,823 views 4 years ago 4 minutes, 20 seconds - We visited a **Confederate**, Cemetery, that few people know exists. The men that are buried here, fell during the Battle of Richmond, ...

Dying words of Confederate soldiers - Dying words of Confederate soldiers by Tim Kent 454,005 views 13 years ago 1 minute, 54 seconds - Dying words of a few **Confederate**, soldiers **killed**, during the war.

Silverdale Confederate Cemetery - Silverdale Confederate Cemetery by Gallivantin' Gingers 112 views 2 years ago 6 minutes, 7 seconds - Today we visit Silverdale **Confederate**, Cemetery in **Chattanooga**, TN. About 155 **Confederate**, Soldiers are buried here. Since the ...

A Civil War Battle Above the Clouds | History Traveler Episode 70 - A Civil War Battle Above the Clouds | History Traveler Episode 70 by The History Underground 143,311 views 3 years ago 16 minutes - One of the more interesting battles of the Civil War was the Battle of Lookout Mountain, also known as The Battle Above the ...

Introduction

Craven Farm Craven House

Confederate Gun Position

Missionary Ridge

Lookout Point

Plaque

Lookout Mountain Summit

Rivers and Rails: Daggers of the Civil War | Tennessee Civil War 150 | NPT - Rivers and Rails: Daggers of the Civil War | Tennessee Civil War 150 | NPT by Nashville Public Television 182,016 views 10 years ago 28 minutes - As Charles Dickens might have described it, rivers and rails brought the best of times and the worst of times to 19th century ...

Introduction

Sam Morgan

Alex Horne

Martha Roberts

annie Haskins

The Great Locomotive Chase

The Battle of Memphis

The Fall of Chattanooga

The Sultana

The Aftermath

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Civil War Legends

Jack Hinson The Civil War's Deadliest Sniper - Jack Hinson The Civil War's Deadliest Sniper by History & More 1,047,220 views 3 years ago 15 minutes - Jack Hinson was a **Civil War**, sniper. His story is interesting and incredible. Learn that story in this video.

10 Strangest CIVIL WAR STORIES You've Never Heard Of... - 10 Strangest CIVIL WAR STORIES You've Never Heard Of... by Weird World 321,689 views 4 years ago 14 minutes, 9 seconds - NEW VIDEOS EVERY WEEK! #civilwar, #stories, #weirdworld ------- The US Civil War was a cruel and ...

Intro

THE FIRST BATTLES

WAR ELEPHANTS

COFFEE

DISEASE

THE FIGHT

TICKETS

SANTA CLAUS

UNIVERSITY GREYS

THE SNOWFIGHT

What Was It Like To Be A Civil War Soldier? - What Was It Like To Be A Civil War Soldier? by Weird History 2,405,305 views 4 years ago 10 minutes, 50 seconds - The **Civil War**, was the bloodiest in US history: more Americans perished in five years than in all other conflicts combined.

THE TEEN SOLDIERS

HOW DID UNDERAGE SOLDIERS SKATE PAST THE RECRUITERS?

THE DESPERATE CONFEDERATES

DRILLS, DRILLS, DRILLS

MUSKETS LEFT SOLDIERS BATTERED AND BRUISED

The Entire Galactic Civil War - 3-Hour Star Wars Lore DOCUMENTARY - The Entire Galactic Civil War - 3-Hour Star Wars Lore DOCUMENTARY by Wizards and Warriors 633,195 views 6 months ago 2 hours, 49 minutes - Wizards and Warriors Channel sci-fi animated documentary video series on the Star **Wars**, galaxy lore continues with a 3-hour ...

Why the 2024 Election will start a Civil War - Why the 2024 Election will start a Civil War by Whatifalthist 583,053 views 1 month ago 38 minutes - Content related to Project TXA and Tacen Exchange is being provided to you for informational purposes only. Nothing discussed ...

Civil War Soldiers - SNL - Civil War Soldiers - SNL by Saturday Night Live 5,664,211 views 6 years

ago 4 minutes, 33 seconds - Civil War, soldiers (Jimmy Fallon, Beck Bennett, Alex Moffat, Mikey Day) try to raise morale by singing a song. Guest appearance ...

The Second Galactic Civil War Explained (Legends) - Star Wars Minute - The Second Galactic Civil War Explained (Legends) - Star Wars Minute by Star Wars Explained 107,174 views 8 years ago 1 minute, 58 seconds - Learn the basics of the Second Galactic **Civil War**, from Star Wars **Legends**,! --- Subscribe for more Star Wars videos every Monday ...

How the Galactic Civil War came to an End - Star Wars Explained - How the Galactic Civil War came to an End - Star Wars Explained by The Lore Master 1,210,322 views 7 years ago 5 minutes, 46 seconds - Content in video is expressed using PG-13 rated movies and Teen + rated comics, TV shows, video games, and books; and is not ...

How the Galactic Civil War ended?

How long did the galactic civil war last?

What was the SECOND Galactic Civil War? (MAJOR LEGENDS STORY) - What was the SECOND Galactic Civil War? (MAJOR LEGENDS STORY) by EckhartsLadder 81,136 views 3 years ago 10 minutes, 21 seconds - What was the Second Galactic **Civil War**,? On today's Star Wars **Legends**, Lore video, I'll break down and explain the Second ...

The Second Galactic Civil War

Legacy of the Force

Second Galactic Civil War the New Republic

The Confederation

Fate of the Jedi

Mandalorian Civil War *Legends* | Manda-LORE - Mandalorian Civil War *Legends* | Manda-LORE by Manda-LORE 13,382 views 7 years ago 12 minutes, 21 seconds - Narration courtesy of Vadronus Prime If you really like these videos and are interested in the Old Expanded Universe (**Legends**,) ... ±9RGENT: ALL HEDGE FUNDS ARE COLLAPSING! - AMC Stock Short Squeeze Update - =% URGENT: ALL HEDGE FUNDS ARE COLLAPSING! - AMC Stock Short Squeeze Update by Thomas James - Investing 1,456 views 1 hour ago 12 minutes, 34 seconds - Join the Millionaire Mindset Trading Group - https://MillionaireMindsetTradingGroup.com Join the MMTG and pay in £ or ... Russia LAUNCHES False Flag Attack on Moldova; Gets Exposed | Breaking News With The Enforcer - Russia LAUNCHES False Flag Attack on Moldova; Gets Exposed | Breaking News With The Enforcer by The Enforcer 180,239 views 5 hours ago 13 minutes, 58 seconds - Today, Russia launched a weak false flag attack on the breakaway region of Moldova known as Transnistria. Russia staged an ...

CATASTROPHIC EVENTS COMING SOON TO AMERICA - INSURE YOUR SURVIVAL NOW - CATASTROPHIC EVENTS COMING SOON TO AMERICA - INSURE YOUR SURVIVAL NOW by jeremiah babe 8,606 views 2 hours ago 16 minutes - Prepare now for catastrophic events to take place in America take the time that you have left to insure your survival. Make sure ...

Criticise Migration, Go to Jail? Ireland's Woke Revolution: Europe's Most Serious Free Speech Threat - Criticise Migration, Go to Jail? Ireland's Woke Revolution: Europe's Most Serious Free Speech Threat by The New Culture Forum 36,660 views 15 hours ago 47 minutes - Why is Irish politics so woke? Will the Irish government's humiliating referendum defeat make it think twice about its draconian ...

So Tragic! Beijing Is Filled With Unemployed Young Adults! Haven't Eaten in Three Days! - So Tragic! Beijing Is Filled With Unemployed Young Adults! Haven't Eaten in Three Days! by China Observer 18,043 views 2 hours ago 16 minutes - Since when were there so many unemployed people in Beijing? Recently, Chinese social media platforms have been flooded ...

Black Leaders Say It's Racist To Stop Black Crime - Black Leaders Say It's Racist To Stop Black Crime by Actual Justice Warrior 21,614 views 3 hours ago 15 minutes - MindsFest Tickets: https://tickets.vulcanpresents.com/e/minds-fest/tickets Website: https://www.actualjusticewarrior.com/ ...

Battlefield Earth France Starts WW3 - Battlefield Earth France Starts WW3 by Military and Foreign Affairs Network 7,125 views 9 hours ago 7 minutes, 6 seconds - News and Info.

NIGHT RAID! THE MAIN MOSKOW AIRPORT AND 3 MORE REFINERIES WERE ATTACKED OVERNIGHT IN RUSSIA || 2024 - NIGHT RAID! THE MAIN MOSKOW AIRPORT AND 3 MORE REFINERIES WERE ATTACKED OVERNIGHT IN RUSSIA || 2024 by Warthog Defense 27,540 views 2 hours ago 8 minutes, 18 seconds - Join this channel to get access to perks: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC2JaXg63L_VqvXN4SwF4zOQ/join ...

ODSTs - The UNSCs Finest - ODSTs - The UNSCs Finest by PancreasNoWork 74,458 views 1 day ago 21 minutes - From orbit to the middle of a firefight, there is no one greater. Unless you're a SPARTAN but hush now. 0:00 - Intro 0:58 - Brilliant ...

Gold Rally: Nuclear War Coming? | David Woo - Gold Rally: Nuclear War Coming? | David Woo by David Woo Unbound 7,702 views 15 hours ago 13 minutes, 18 seconds - Gold has gone hyperbolic over the past few weeks Evidently somebody has been buying a lot of it and the question is why Amidst ...

Intro

Why is Gold Rallying?

What do Investors Know that we Don't?

Closer to a Decisive Outcome?

Will NATO Enter the War?

Gettysburg: Stories from the Battlefield - Gettysburg: Stories from the Battlefield by WQED Pittsburgh 105,514 views 2 years ago 28 minutes - Millions of people visit the Gettysburg National **Military**, Park in Pennsylvania - to admire the monuments and to walk the battlefield.

The Civil War's Most Fascinating Stories - Drunk History - The Civil War's Most Fascinating Stories - Drunk History by Comedy Central 385,514 views 2 years ago 25 minutes - Learn about hidden **stories**, from the **war**, that united a nation. Paramount+ is here! Stream all your favorite shows now on ...

Civil War Legends - Civil War Legends by Francis Marion University 5,416 views 11 years ago 46 minutes - Dr. Jacqueline Campbell, of the Francis Marion University History Department, presents "Civil War Legends,: Why I Came to Love ...

The COMPLETE History of Star Wars Legends After Endor - Every War and Conflict - The COMPLETE History of Star Wars Legends After Endor - Every War and Conflict by EckhartsLadder 714,538 views 2 years ago 28 minutes - Today we look at every **War**, and Conflict that took place in the Star **Wars**, Galaxy after the crucial Battle of Endor in Star **Wars**, ...

Video Intro

Ssi-Ruuvi Invasion

Nagai-Tof War

Early Warlord Campaigns

Coruscant Campaign

Bacta war

The Zsinj Campaign

Thrawn Campaign

Dark and Crimsons Empires

Daala's First Campaign

Daala's Second Campaign

Orinda Campaign

Empire Reborn Campaign

Black Fleet Crisis

Corellian Crisis

Caamas Crisis / End of the Galactic Civil War

Second Imperium Crisis

Yuuzhan Vong War

Swarm War

Second Galactic Civil War

Abeloth and the Lost Tribe

Pre Sith Imperial War

Sith Imperial War

Second Imperial Civil War

Final Conflicts / The End of History

The Longest Battle of the Galactic Civil War - The Battle of Kuat Drive Yards [Canon] - The Longest Battle of the Galactic Civil War - The Battle of Kuat Drive Yards [Canon] by The Lore Master 978,468 views 5 years ago 5 minutes, 45 seconds - Content in video is expressed using PG-13 rated movies and Teen + rated comics, TV shows, video games, and books; and is not ...

The Real Bloody Story Of The English Civil War | The English Civil Wars | Timeline - The Real Bloody Story Of The English Civil War | The English Civil Wars | Timeline by Timeline - World History Documentaries 821,711 views 6 months ago 3 hours, 10 minutes - A nation divided. It was a time of great bitterness and hatred in England - a war, that set father against son and brother against ... Civil War Myths: The Civil War in Four Minutes - Civil War Myths: The Civil War in Four Minutes by American Battlefield Trust 97,951 views 4 years ago 4 minutes, 31 seconds - Garry Adelman of the American Battlefield Trust details the most common misconceptions about the Civil War, including

why did ...

The Complete Star Wars Legends Galactic Civil War Timeline - The Complete Star Wars Legends Galactic Civil War Timeline by Kyle Katarn's Roommate 32,258 views 3 years ago 43 minutes - A history of the Galactic **Civil War**, from the Corellian Treaty to the Caamas Document Crisis. Lets dive deep into **Legends**, and take ...

Legends and Lies: The 'swaggering boy general' George Armstrong Custer - Legends and Lies: The 'swaggering boy general' George Armstrong Custer by Fox Business 19,802 views 1 year ago 11 minutes, 31 seconds - '**Legends**, and Lies' details the life of George Armstrong Custer, known to America as a decorated **civil war**, veteran, ambitious ...

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Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-general United States Volunteers ...

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Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-General United States Volunteers

Reprint of the original, first published in 1869.

Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-General United States Volunteers

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Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-General United States Volunteers ...

Union General Philip Kearny began his career as a lieutenant with the 1st U.S. Dragoons. He studied cavalry tactics in France and fought with the Chasseurs d'Afrique in Algeria, where his fearlessness earned him the nickname "Kearny le Magnifique." Returning to America, he wrote a cavalry manual for the U.S. Army and later raised a troop of dragoons--using his own money to buy 120 matching dapple-gray mounts for his men--and led them during the Mexican War, where he lost an arm. This biography chronicles the military life of one of the most talented field officers in the Army of the Potomac at the outbreak of the Civil War, who famously led a charge at the Battle of Williamsburg with his reins in his teeth, and sometimes disobeyed General George McClellan, once protesting an order to retreat as "prompted by cowardice or treason." Kearny was on the verge of higher command when he was killed at the 1862 Battle of Chantilly.

Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-general United States Volunteers ... by John Watts de Peyster

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Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny

This bibliography differs from the previous publications in this series since it concerns a specific time in American history, the Mexican War period from 1835 to 1850. From a military standpoint, the victorious efforts of American military forces can be considered as the proving ground for the Army and the Navy that emerged during the Civil War. The annexation of Texas and the acquisition of lands from Mexico predestined both the expansion of the United States to the Pacific and the conflict which divided brother from brother. This bibliography lists pertinent materials to be found in the Military History Research Collection related to this part of American history and is not intended to be a definite listing of bibliographic references on the period.

Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-General United States Volunteers - Primary Source Edition

This is the story of an American love affair. Intimate and painfully real, this epic tale from the pages of history is based on the lives of vivacious and iron-willed Diana Bullitt, a Southern woman from an illustrious colonial family, and General Philip Kearny, one of the Union's legendary military leaders, a dissolute and passionate man descended from two centuries of New York aristocracy. In antebellum America, a time when appearances are paramount, Kearny introduces his beautiful young bride to a mesmerizing world of opulence and power. But Diana's tranquil existence soon ends when Kearny joins his cavalry company in Mexico and returns home from the war mutilated and suffering from trauma. Though Diana struggles to free Philip of his demons, she discovers that she must either follow her conscience and begin a new life for herself or submit to societal pressure and ignore Philip's devastating addictions and his indiscreet liaisons with other women. Rebelling against her husband, Diana embarks on a perilous journey, experiences the full power of her own abilities, and changes profoundly, shedding her provincial ideas of wifely duty and propriety. Even as Philip's and Diana's twin destinies spiral inexorably toward disaster with the impending Civil War, the couple is entrapped by the persistence of their desire, their pride, and their abiding love for each other. Micaela Gilchrist uses privately held correspondence, unpublished diaries, and family legends to create an unforgettable love story inspired by historical figures and actual events.

Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-General United States Volunteers, by John Watts de Peyster.

Fallen Leaders: Favorite Stories and Fresh Perspectives from the Historians at Emerging Civil War recounts the fall of some of the most famous, infamous, and underappreciated commanders from both the North and South. The Civil War took as many as 720,000 lives and maimed hundreds of thousands more. The fallen included outstanding leaders on both sides, from a U.S. president all the way down the ranks to beloved regimental commanders. Abraham Lincoln, Stonewall Jackson, and John Reynolds remain well-known and even legendary. Others, like Confederate cavalry commander Earl Van Dorn, remain locked in infamy. The deaths of army commanders Albert Sidney Johnston and James McPherson and regimental leader Col. Elmer Ellsworth (the first Union officer killed) left more questions than answers about unfulfilled potential and lost opportunities. Thousands more have faded into historical obscurity. Others "fell" not from death or wounds but because of their own missteps or misdeeds, their reputations ruined forever. Theirs are falls from grace. This collection of essays by a host of writers brings together the best scholarship from Emerging Civil War's blog, symposia, and podcast, all of which have been revised, updated, and footnoted. The collection also contains several original pieces written exclusively for Emerging Civil War's 10th Anniversary Series. Expect new angles on familiar stories about high-profile figures. Meet leaders whose stories you might not know but whose losses were felt as deeply personal tragedies by those around them. This collection sheds new light and insight on some of the most significant casualties of the conflict: the fallen leaders whose deaths, injuries, and disgraces changed the Civil War.

Following the formation of a regular army in 1784, a popular distruct of military power and the generally unsettled nature of national administration kept the army in a continual state of fluctuation, both in terms of organisation and size. Few officers were making a long-term commitment to military service. But by 1860, a professional army career was becoming a way of life. In that year, 41.5 percent of officers had served 30 years, compared to only 2.6 percent in 1797.

Apersonal and Military History of Philip Kearny, Major-General United States Volunteers

This account of McClellan's 1862 campaign is "a wonderful book" (Ken Burns) and "military history at its best" (The New York Times Book Review). From "the finest and most provocative Civil War historian writing today," To the Gates of Richmond is the story of the one of the conflict's bloodiest campaigns (Chicago Tribune). Of the 250,000 men who fought in it, only a fraction had ever been in battle before—and one in four was killed, wounded, or missing in action by the time the fighting ended. The operation was Gen. George McClellan's grand scheme to march up the Virginia Peninsula and take the Confederate capital. For three months McClellan battled his way toward Richmond, but then Robert E. Lee took command of the Confederate forces. In seven days, Lee drove the cautious McClellan out, thereby changing the course, if not the outcome, of the war. "Deserves to be a classic." —The Washington Post

APERSONAL & MILITARY HIST OF P

This title addresses the deeper questions of how remembrance of the U.S.-Mexican War has influenced the complex relationship between these former enemies now turned friends.

Major General Philip Kearny

While many Civil War reference books exist, there is no single compendium that contains important details about the combatant states (and territories) that Civil War researchers can readily access for their work. People looking for information about the organizations, activities, economies, demographics, and prominent personalities of Civil War States and state governments must assemble data from a variety of sources, with many key sources remaining unavailable online. This crucial reference book, the fourth in the States at War series, provides vital information on the organization, activities, economies, demographics, and prominent personalities of Delaware, Maryland, and New Jersey during the Civil War. Its principal sources include the Official Records, state adjutant-general reports, legislative journals, state and federal legislation, federal and state executive speeches and proclamations, and the general and special orders issued by the military authorities of both governments, North and South. Designed and organized for easy use by professional historians and amateurs, this book can be read in two ways: by individual state, with each chapter offering a stand-alone history of an individual stateÕs war years; or across states, comparing reactions to the same event or solutions to the same problems.

Personal and Military History of Philip Kearny - Scholar's Choice Edition

This book presents a firsthand account of the experiences of seventeen-year-old Second Lieutenant Thomas James Howell during Major General George McClellan's Peninsula Campaign. Howell's story offers the reader a unique perspective of a young man coming of age in the Union army during the Civil War.

Special Bibliography - US Army Military History Research Collection

The third volume of this masterful Civil War history series covers the pivotal early months of General George McClellan's Peninsula Campaign. As he did in his first two volumes of this magisterial series, Russel Beatie tells the story largely through the eyes and from the perspective of high-ranking officers, staff officers, and politicians. This study is based upon extensive firsthand research (including many previously unused and unpublished sources) that rewrites the history of Little Mac's inaugural effort to push his way up the peninsula and capture Richmond in one bold campaign. In meticulous fashion, Beatie examines many heretofore unknown, ignored, or misunderstood facts and events and uses them to evaluate the campaign in the most balanced historical context to date. Every aspect of these critically important weeks is examined, from how McClellan's Urbanna plan unraveled and led to the birth of the expedition that debarked at Fort Monroe in March 1862, to the aftermath of Williamsburg. To capture the full flavor of their experiences, Beatie employs the "fog of war" technique, which puts the reader in the position of the men who led the Union army. The Confederate adversaries are always present

but often only in shadowy forms that achieve firm reality only when we meet them face-to-face on the battlefield. Well written, judiciously reasoned, and extensively footnoted, McClellan's First Campaign will be heralded as the seminal work on this topic. Civil War readers may not always agree with Beatie's conclusions, but they will concur that his account offers an original examination of the Army of the Potomac's role on the Virginia peninsula. "If you want to understand the war in the east, this series is essential." —Civil War Books and Authors

The Era of the Civil War--1820-1876

The Mexican War: A Military History Research Collection Bibliography

Unfurl Those Colors

The first in his authoritative two-volume study of the Battle of Antietam, Unfurl Those Colors! traces the engrossing story of the Union Army's strategies, stratagems, and movements on the bloodiest day in American military history.

Opposing the Second Corps at Antietam

Intro -- Contents -- List of Maps -- Preface -- 1. Maintaining the Initiative -- 2. The West Woods -- 3. The Sunken Road -- 4. The Afternoon -- Notes -- Selected Bibliography -- Index.

The Maryland Campaign of September 1862

Antietam is the eagerly awaited second volume of Ezra Carman's magisterial The Maryland Campaign of September 1862. Many authors have written about the climactic September 17 battle of the 1862. invasion of Maryland, but it is impossible to do so without referencing Carman's sweeping and definitive maps and 1,800-page manuscript. His work guides every Civil War historian and comprises the basis of the National Park Service's interpretive programs at Antietam. Indeed, even the basic layout of the National Park battlefield was based upon Carman's groundbreaking work. Carman had the advantage of not only participating in the battle as a colonel in the Union army, but knowing, corresponding, and conversing with hundreds of Northern and Southern soldiers from corps commanders all the way down to privates. Over the decades he amassed a vast collection of letters, maps, and personal memoirs from many key participants. He used this treasure trove of firsthand accounts to create his compelling narrative. No one has devoted more time and effort to understanding what happened at Antietam than did Ezra Carman-the campaign's first true historian. Unfortunately, Carman did not always note from where he obtained his information, making the authenticity and reliability of his work problematic. Editor Thomas G. Clemens, recognized internationally as one of the foremost historians of the Maryland Campaign, has spent more than two decades studying Antietam and editing and richly annotating Carman's exhaustively written manuscript. As Clemens discovered, Carman used his sources judiciously, and the stories he relates withstand scrutiny for accuracy and reliability. Carman's invaluable prose is augmented by his detailed maps of the dawn to nearly dusk fighting on September 17, which have never appeared in their original form in any book on the battle. Even more exciting are the newly discovered 19th century photographs authorized by Carman to document his work laying out the battlefield, a haunting visual record of how the battlefield appeared to Carman as he tried to unravel its mysteries. The result is The Maryland Campaign of September 1862: Antietam, the most comprehensive and detailed account of the battle ever produced. Jammed with firsthand accounts, personal anecdotes, detailed footnotes, maps, and photos, this long-awaited study will be read and appreciated as battle history at its finest. Indeed, we will never see such a study again. About the Authors: Ezra Ayres Carman was born in Oak Tree, New Jersey, on February 27, 1834, and educated at Western Military Academy in Kentucky. He fought with New Jersey organizations throughout the Civil War. He died in 1909 on Christmas day and was buried just below the Custis- Lee mansion in Arlington Cemetery. Thomas G. Clemens earned his doctoral degree at George Mason University, where he studied under Maryland Campaign historian Dr. Joseph L. Harsh. Tom has published a wide variety of magazine articles and book reviews, has appeared in several documentary programs, and is a licensed tour guide at Antietam National Battlefield. A retired professor from Hagerstown Community College, he also helped found and is the current president of Save Historic Antietam Foundation, Inc., a preservation group dedicated to saving historic properties.

Cedar Mountain to Antietam

This history of the Union XII Corps "skillfully weaves firsthand accounts into a compelling story about the triumphs and defeats of this venerable unit" (Bradley M. Gottfried, author of The Maps of Antietam). The diminutive Union XII Corps found significant success on the field at Antietam. Its soldiers swept through the East Woods and the Miller Cornfield—permanently clearing both of Confederates—repelled multiple Southern assaults against the Dunker Church plateau, and eventually secured a foothold in the West Woods. This important piece of high ground had been the Union objective all morning, and its occupation threatened the center and rear of Gen. Robert E. Lee's embattled Army of Northern Virginia. Yet federal leadership largely ignored this signal achievement and the opportunity it presented. The achievement of the XII Corps is especially notable given its string of disappointments and hardships in the months leading up to Antietam. M. Chris Bryan's Cedar Mountain to Antietam begins with the formation of this often-luckless command as the II Corps in Maj. Gen. John Pope's Army of Virginia on June 26, 1862. Bryan explains in meticulous detail how the corps endured a bloody and demoralizing loss after coming within a whisker of defeating Maj. Gen. "Stonewall" Jackson at Cedar Mountain on August 9; suffered through the hardships of Pope's campaign before and after the Battle of Second Manassas; and triumphed after entering Maryland and joining the reorganized Army of the Potomac. The men of this small corps earned a solid reputation in the Army of the Potomac at Antietam that would only grow during the battles of 1863. This unique study, which blends unit history with sound leadership and character assessments, puts the XII Corps' actions in proper context by providing significant and substantive treatment to its Confederate opponents. Bryan's extensive archival research, newspapers, and other important resources, together with detailed maps and images, offers a compelling story of a little-studied yet consequential command that fills a longstanding historiographical gap.

Antietam, South Mountain, and Harpers Ferry

In September 1862 the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia and the Union Army of the Potomac conducted one of the truly great campaigns of the Civil War. At South Mountain, Harpers Ferry, and Antietam, North and South clashed in engagements whose magnitude and importance would earn this campaign a distinguished place in American military history. The siege of Harpers Ferry produced the largest surrender of U.S. troops in the nation's history until World War II, while the day-long battle at Antietam on September 17 still holds the distinction of being the single bloodiest day of combat in Amer.

The Great "What Ifs" of the American Civil War

"Thought-provoking and entertaining . . . What if Lincoln had dodged the assassin's bullet? What if Lee had waged guerrilla warfare in April 1865?" —Gordon C. Rhea, author of the Overland Campaign series "What if...?" Every Civil War armchair general asks the question. Possibilities unfold. Disappointments vanish. Imaginations soar. More questions arise. "What if . . ." can be more than an exercise in wistful fantasy. A serious inquiry sparks rigorous exploration, demands critical thinking, and unlocks important insights. The Great "What Ifs" of the American Civil War: Historians Tackle the Conflict's Most Intriguing Possibilities is a collection of fourteen essays by the historians at Emerging Civil War, and includes a Foreword by acclaimed alternate history writer Peter G. Tsouras. Each entry focuses on one of the most important events of the war and unpacks the options of the moment. To understand what happened, we must look with a clear and objective eye at what could have happened, with the full multitude of choices before us. "What if" is a tool for illumination. These essays also explode the assumptions people make when they ask "what if" and then jump to wishful conclusions. This collection offers not alternate histories or counterfactual scenarios, but an invitation to ask, to learn, and to wonder . . . "A lively and engaging examination of those perennial 'second guesses' no student of the war fails to appreciate. No 'pie in the sky' here—each exploration is firmly rooted in fact, with a keen appreciation of context, providing provocative insight without sacrificing history." —David A. Powell, author of the award-winning series The Chickamauga Campaign

Colonel Edward E. Cross, New Hampshire Fighting Fifth

Edward Ephraim Cross (1832–1863) accomplished more in his short lifetime years than most men who live to be 100. By the eve of the Civil War, he had traveled from Cincinnati to Arizona working as a political reporter, travel writer, editor, trail hand, silver mine supervisor, and Indian fighter. In the summer of 1861, he became colonel of the Fighting Fifth New Hampshire Volunteers and gained fame as a fearless battlefield commander during action at Fair Oaks, Antietam, Fredricksburg, and

Chancellorsville before being mortally wounded at Gettysburg. However, behind this great soldier lay a flawed man, an alcoholic with a short temper who fought a constant battle with words against immigrants, abolitionists, and others with whom he disagreed. This detailed biography presents a full portrait of this controversial and little-known figure, filling a critical gap in the literature of the northern Civil War experience.

The Boys of AdamsÕ Battery G

Raised from Rhode Island farmers and millworkers in the autumn of 1861, the Union soldiers of Battery G fought in such bloody conflicts as Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Spotsylvania, and Cedar Creek. At the storming of Petersburg on April 2, 1865, seven cannoneers were awarded the Medal of Honor for heroism in the face of the enemy. This history captures the battlefield exploits of the "Boys of Hope" but also depicts camp life, emerging cannon technology, and the social events of the Civil War.

The Tammany Regiment

As the Union mobilized to meet the military challenges of the Civil War, the people of New York volunteered in large numbers to meet the quotas set by President Lincoln. Tammany Hall used all of its political power to recruit men, mostly Irish immigrants, to form the regiment that would bear its name throughout most of the fiercest fighting of the war—from the bluffs outside Leesburg, the West Woods of Antietam, and the streets of Fredericksburg to Pickett's Charge at Gettysburg and the chaos that was Petersburg. Of the more than one thousand men who started with the regiment in 1861, less than one hundred would remain in 1864. The Tammany Regiment: A History of the Forty-Second New York Volunteer Infantry is more than the history of a group of men fighting to preserve a way of life. It is a story of a powerful political machine. It is a story about how the Fenian Movement to free Ireland from England affected the men in the trenches. It is a story of how families survived the challenges of war and how they dealt with the tumultuous news they received about their loved ones. Draw closer to many of the men in the Tammany Regiment, and share their thoughts and fears as they faced three years of unbelievable hardship. Did they do what was right? Could they have done more? Were they treated fairly? One thing is for sure—they will now be remembered!

Calamity at Frederick

The loss of Robert E. Lee's Special Orders No. 191 is one of the Civil War's enduring mysteries. In this meticulous study, Alexander Rossino presents a bold new interpretation of the evidence surrounding the orders' creation, distribution, and loss outside Frederick, Maryland, in September 1862. Rossino makes extensive use of primary sources to explore these subjects and other important questions related to the orders, including why General Lee thought his army could operate north of the Potomac until winter; why Lee found it necessary to seize the Federal garrison at Harpers Ferry; what Lee hoped to accomplish after capturing Harpers Ferry; where Corporal Barton Mitchell of the 27th Indiana found the Lost Orders; and if D. H. Hill or someone else was to blame for losing the orders. The result is a well-documented reassessment that sheds new light while challenging long-held assumptions. Calamity at Frederick is the Confederate companion to The Tale Untwisted by Gene M. Thorp and Alexander Rossino, which told the story from the Union perspective.

Spring 1865

When Gen. Robert E. Lee fled from Petersburg and Richmond, Virginia, in April 1865, many observers did not realize that the Civil War had reached its nadir. A large number of Confederates, from Jefferson Davis down to the rank-and-file, were determined to continue fighting. Though Union successes had nearly extinguished the Confederacy's hope for an outright victory, the South still believed it could force the Union to grant a negotiated peace that would salvage some of its war aims. As evidence of the Confederacy's determination, two major Union campaigns, along with a number of smaller engagements, were required to quell the continued organized Confederate military resistance. In Spring 1865 Perry D. Jamieson juxtaposes for the first time the major campaign against Lee that ended at Appomattox and Gen. William T. Sherman's march north through the Carolinas, which culminated in Gen. Joseph E. Johnston's surrender at Bennett Place. Jamieson also addresses the efforts required to put down armed resistance in the Deep South and the Trans-Mississippi. As both sides fought for political goals following Lee's surrender, these campaigns had significant consequences for the political-military context that shaped the end of the war as well as Reconstruction.

A Connecticut Yankee at War

Of the many fascinating people whose lives have been nearly lost to history, George Lee Gaskell was one of the most interesting. Gaskell was a Union lieutenant, world traveler, polyglot, and politician with a keen eye for his surroundings and the natural world. His letters highlight the very human realities of his Army service that go beyond the monumental battles he fought in: Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and others. Fiercely anti-slavery and disgusted by the attitudes of some of the slaveholding planters in the South, Gaskell encountered these prejudices firsthand when he was promoted to second lieutenant and transferred to the United States Colored Troops serving in Louisiana. His remarkable story ranges from a one-room schoolhouse in Connecticut to the thriving metropolis of Zanzibar to war, life, and love on the banks of the Mississippi. Gaskell's experiences, told through his own words in letters to his cherished sister and to his hometown newspaper, speak of an exceptional man forged in an extraordinary time.

Their Maryland

"Engagingly written and persuasively argued, this daringly revisionist book is an essential addition to the Antietam bibliography." —Brian Matthew Jordan, Pulitzer Prize finalist and author of Marching Home What if the histories previously written about Robert E. Lee's 1862 Maryland Campaign, the first major Confederate operation north of the Potomac River, missed key sources, proceeded from mistaken readings of the evidence, or were influenced by Lost Cause ideology? As Alexander B. Rossino, author of the acclaimed Six Days in September, demonstrates in Their Maryland: The Army of Northern Virginia from the Potomac Crossing to Sharpsburg in September 1862, these types of distortions indeed continue to shape modern understanding of the campaign. Rossino reassesses the history of the Confederate operation in seven comprehensive chapters, each tackling a specific major issue. He addresses many important questions: Did supply problems in Virginia force Lee north to press the advantage he'd won after the Battle of Second Manassas? What did Rebel troops believe about the strength of secessionist sentiment in Maryland, and why? Did the entire Army of Northern Virginia really camp at Best's Farm near Frederick, Maryland? Did D.H. Hill lose Special Orders No. 191, or is there more to the story? How did Maryland civilians respond to the Rebel army in their midst, and what part did women play? Finally, why did Robert E. Lee choose to fight at Sharpsburg, and how personally was he involved in directing the fighting? Rossino makes extensive use of primary sources to explore these and other questions. In doing so, he reveals that many long-held assumptions about the Confederate experience in Maryland do not hold up under close scrutiny. The result is a well-documented reassessment that sheds new light on old subjects and reinvigorates the debate on several fronts. "The reader will come away with a greater understanding of this crucial campaign and battle." — James M. McPherson, Pulitzer Prize winner and New York Times—bestselling author of Battle Cry of Freedom

General Edwin Vose Sumner, USA

This biography of General Edwin Vose Sumner emphasizes his role in developing the mounted arm of the U.S. Army. Born in Boston in 1797 he abandoned a merchant's career and entered the U.S. Infantry in 1819. Transferring to the Dragoons in the 1830s, Sumner established the Cavalry School of Practice at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania. Among his students was the future Confederate General Richard S. Ewell. Sumner served with distinction throughout the Mexican War and maintained a balance between the warring factions in Kansas in the mid-1850s (his efforts earning him the displeasure of the Pierce administration). He led an expedition against the Cheyennes with subordinates that included future Civil War generals John Sedgwick and Samuel Sturgis as well as the capable but headstrong Lieutenant Jeb Stuart. Replacing Albert Sidney Johnston in California in 1861, Sumner kept the state in the Union. Returning east, he commanded the Second Corps throughout 1862 and died of pneumonia in March 1863.

Fighting for America

"Fascinating . . . [a] 300-plus year history of North America" from the award-winning historian and author of The Holocaust: History & Memory (Military Heritage). Prize-winning author Jeremy Black traces the competition for control of North America from the landing of Spanish troops under Hernán Cortés in modern Mexico in 1519 to 1871 when, with the Treaty of Washington and the withdrawal of most British garrisons, Britain accepted American mastery in North America. In this wide-ranging narrative, Black makes clear that the process by which America gained supremacy was far from inevitable. The story

Black tells is one of conflict, diplomacy, geopolitics, and politics. The eventual result was the creation of a United States of America that stretched from Atlantic to Pacific and dominated North America. The gradual withdrawal of France and Spain, the British accommodation to the expanding U.S. reality, the impact of the American Civil War, and the subjugation of Native peoples, are all carefully drawn out. Black emphasizes contingency not Manifest Destiny, and reconceptualizes American exceptionalism to take note of the pressures and impact of international competition. "A refreshing take on Manifest Destiny . . . American (and Canadian) readers will learn a lot of new things and be led into new ways of viewing old ones. An important contribution."—Walter Nugent, author of Into the West: The Story of Its People

Citizen-General

The wrenching events of the Civil War transformed not only the United States but also the men unexpectedly called on to lead their fellow citizens in this first modern example of total war. Jacob Dolson Cox, a former divinity student with no formal military training, was among those who rose to the challenge. In a conflict in which "political generals" often proved less than competent, Cox, the consummate citizen general, emerged as one of the best commanders in the Union army. During his school days at Oberlin College, no one could have predicted that the intellectual, reserved, and bookish Cox possessed what he called in his writings the "military aptitude" to lead men effectively in war. His military career included helping secure West Virginia for the Union; jointly commanding the left wing of the Union army at the critical Battle of Antietam; breaking the Confederate supply line and thereby helping to precipitate the fall of Atlanta; and holding the defensive line at the Battle of Franklin, a Union victory that effectively ended the Confederate threat in the West. At a time when there were few professional schools other than West Point, the self-made man was the standard for success; true to that mode, Cox fashioned himself into a Renaissance man. In each of his vocations and avocations—general, governor, cabinet secretary, university president, law school dean, railroad president, historian, and scientist—he was recognized as a leader. Cox's greatest fame, however, came to him as the foremost participant historian of the Civil War. His accounts of the conflict are to this day cited by serious scholars and serve as a foundation for the interpretation of many aspects of the war.

The Register of the Kentucky Historical Society

The Civil War battle in western Maryland that killed 22,000 men—and served no military purpose. For generations of Americans, the word Antietam—the name of a bucolic stream in western Maryland—held the same sense of horror and carnage that the date 9/11 does for Americans today. But Antietam eclipses even this modern tragedy as America's single bloodiest day, on which 22,000 men became casualties in a war to determine our nation's future. Antietam is forever burned into the American psyche as a battle bathed in blood that served no military purpose and brought no decisive victory. This much Americans know was true. What they didn't know was why the battle broke out at all—until now. The Cornfield: Antietam's Bloody Turning Point tells for the first time the full story of the struggle to control "the Cornfield," the action on which the costly battle of Antietam turned. Because Federal and Confederate forces repeatedly traded control of the spot, the fight for the Cornfield is a story of human struggle against fearful odds, men seeking to do their duty, and a simple test of survival. Many of the firsthand accounts included in this volume have never before been revealed to modern readers or assembled in such a comprehensive, readable narrative. At the same time, The Cornfield offers fresh views of the battle as a whole, arguing that two central facts doomed thousands of soldiers. This new, provocative perspective is certain to change our modern understanding of how the battle of Antietam was fought and its role in American history.

The Cornfield

"War means fighting, and fighting means killing," Confederate cavalry commander Nathan Bedford Forrest famously declared. The Civil War was fundamentally a matter of Americans killing Americans. This undeniable reality is what Jonathan Steplyk explores in Fighting Means Killing, the first book-length study of Union and Confederate soldiers' attitudes toward, and experiences of, killing in the Civil War. Drawing upon letters, diaries, and postwar reminiscences, Steplyk examines what soldiers and veterans thought about killing before, during, and after the war. How did these soldiers view sharpshooters? How about hand-to-hand combat? What language did they use to describe killing in combat? What cultural and societal factors influenced their attitudes? And what was the impact of race in battlefield atrocities and bitter clashes between white Confederates and black Federals? These are

the questions that Steplyk seeks to answer in Fighting Means Killing, a work that bridges the gap between military and social history—and that shifts the focus on the tragedy of the Civil War from fighting and dying for cause and country to fighting and killing.

Fighting Means Killing

On September 17, 1862, the "United States" was on the brink, facing a permanent split into two separate nations. America's very future hung on the outcome of a single battle--and the result reverberates to this day. Given the deep divisions that still rive the nation, given what unites the country, too, Antietam is more relevant now than ever. The epic battle, fought near Sharpsburg, Maryland, was a Civil War turning point. The South had just launched its first invasion of the North; victory for Robert E. Lee would almost certainly have ended the war on Confederate terms. If the Union prevailed, Lincoln stood ready to issue the Emancipation Proclamation. He knew that freeing the slaves would lend renewed energy and lofty purpose to the North's war effort. Lincoln needed a victory to save the divided country, but victory would come at a price. Detailed here is the cannon din and desperation, the horrors and heroes of this monumental battle, one that killed 3,650 soldiers, still the highest single-day toll in American history. Justin Martin, an acclaimed writer of narrative nonfiction, renders this landmark event in a revealing new way. More than in previous accounts, Lincoln is laced deeply into the story. Antietam represents Lincoln at his finest, as the grief-racked president--struggling with the recent death of his son, Willie--summoned the guile necessary to manage his reluctant general, George McClellan. The Emancipation Proclamation would be the greatest gambit of the nation's most inspired leader. And, in fact, the battle's impact extended far beyond the field; brilliant and lasting innovations in medicine, photography, and communications were given crucial real-world tests. No mere gunfight, Antietam rippled through politics and society, transforming history. A Fierce Glory is a fresh and vibrant account of an event that had enduring consequences that still resonate today.

A Fierce Glory

This Civil War study examines the role played by Michiganders in the Battle of Antietam, shedding new light on their sacrifices and contributions. The Battle of Antietam remains the bloodiest day in American history, and the people of Michigan played a prominent role both in the fighting and the events surrounding it. In Michigan at Antietam, Jack Dempsey and Brian James Egan—both Civil War historians and Michigan natives—explore the state's many connections to the historic conflict. Dempsey reveals the state's connections to the Lost Order, one of the Civil War's greatest mysteries. He also delves into George A. Custer's role as a staff officer in combat. Most importantly, he mourns the extraordinary losses Michiganders suffered, including one regiment losing nearly half its strength at the epicenter of the battle. The Wolverine State's contributions to secure the Union and enable the Emancipation Proclamation are vast and worthy of a monument on the battlefield. The authors provide research and analysis that shed new insights on the role of Michigan soldiers and civilians during the epic struggle.

Michigan at Antietam

This two-volume encyclopedia offers a unique insight into the Civil War from a state and local perspective, showing how the American experience of the conflict varied significantly based on location. Intended for general-interest readers and high school and college students, American Civil War: A State-by-State Encyclopedia serves as a unique ready reference that documents the important contributions of each individual state to the American Civil War and underscores the similarities and differences between the states, both in the North and the South. Each state chapter leads off with an overview essay about that state's involvement in the war and then presents entries on prominent population centers, manufacturing facilities, and military posts within each state; important battles or other notable events that occurred within that state during the war; and key individuals from each state, both civilian and military. The A–Z entries within each state chapter enable readers to understand how the specific contributions and political climate of states resulted in the very different situations each state found itself in throughout the war. The set also provides a detailed chronology that will help students place important events in proper order.

American Civil War [2 volumes]

The Army of the Potomac's First Corps was one of the best corps in the entire Union army. In September 1862, it was chosen to spearhead the Union attack at Antietam, fighting Stonewall Jackson's men in

the Cornfield and at the Dunker Church. In July 1863 at Gettysburg, its men were the first Union infantry to reach the battle, where they relieved the cavalry and fought off the Confederate onslaught all day before retreating to Cemetery Hill. Their valiant stand west of Gettysburg saved the Union from disaster that day but came at great cost (60 percent casualties). The corps was disbanded the following spring, having bled itself out of existence. The First Corps' leadership included two generals who would rise to command the Army of the Potomac—Joseph Hooker and George Meade—and a third who refused that command, John Reynolds, often considered the best commander in the East until his death at Gettysburg. The corps was made up heavily of men from New York and Pennsylvania (including the famous Bucktails), with a handful of New England regiments and the Midwesterners of the Iron Brigade, perhaps the Civil War's most famous Union brigade. Corps histories remain one of the last gaps in Civil War military history. Hundreds of regimental histories have been written since war's end, many brigades have been covered, the armies have been explored . . . but corps remain relatively overlooked—not because they are an unimportant or unappealing subject, but because mastering the subject is so difficult, requiring knowledge of many commanders' careers, dozens of constituent units, and many battles. Few are willing to tackle the subject. Lucky for us, Darin Wipperman has taken on the task and produced a monumental history of the Army of the Potomac's First Corps, well written and deftly told, an exciting story in itself and, like all great unit histories, one that is representative of the many other corps in the Union army.

First for the Union

This book explains how the Battle of Antietam—a conflict that changed nothing militarily—still played a pivotal role in the Civil War by affording Abraham Lincoln an opportunity to announce the emancipation of slaves in states in rebellion. Antietam 1862: Gateway to Emancipation examines the connections between the Maryland Campaign culminating in the battle of Antietam in 1862 and the drive to emancipate slaves to win the war for the Union. The work's thematic chapters discuss how slaves' resistance to the Confederacy and flight to Union armies influenced Union domestic and diplomatic politics, Confederate military strategy, and above all, the leadership of President Lincoln. By focusing on the complex topics of antislavery politics, diplomacy, and slaves' resistance rather than the specific occurrences on the battlefield, this book shows how shrewd Abraham Lincoln was in assessing the consequences of fighting a civil war about slavery. The concept that slaves' resistance played a part in Lee and Davis's decision to cross the Potomac and invade Maryland is explored, as is the idea that this strategy delayed and ultimately dashed all of the Confederacy's hopes of help from the British.

Antietam 1862

The importance of Robert E. Lee's first movement north of the Potomac River in September 1862. is difficult to overstate. After his string of successes in Virginia, a decisive Confederate victory in Maryland or Pennsylvania may well have spun the war in an entirely different direction. Why he and his Virginia army did not find success across the Potomac was due in large measure to the generalship of George B. McClellan, as Steven Stotelmyer ably demonstrates in Too Useful to Sacrifice: Reconsidering George B. McClellan's Generalship in the Maryland Campaign from South Mountain to Antietam, now available in paperback. History has typecast McClellan as the slow and overly cautious general who allowed opportunities to slip through his grasp and Lee's battered army to escape. Stotelmyer disagrees and argues persuasively that he deserves significant credit for moving quickly, acting decisively, and defeating and turning back the South's most able general. He accomplishes this with five comprehensive chapters, each dedicated to a specific major issue of the campaign: Fallacies Regarding the Lost Orders Antietam: The Sequel to South Mountain All the Injury Possible: The Day between South Mountain and Antietam General John Pope at Antietam and the Politics behind the Myth of the Unused Reserves Supplies and Demands: The Demise of General George B. McClellan Was McClellan's response to the discovery of Lee's Lost Orders really as slow and inept as we have been led to believe? Although routinely dismissed as a small prelude to the main event at Antietam, was the real Confederate high tide in Maryland the fight on South Mountain? Is the criticism leveled against McClellan for not rapidly pursuing Lee's army after the victory on South Mountain warranted? Did McClellan really fail to make good use of his reserves in the bloody fighting on September 17? Finally, what is the true story behind McClellan's apparent "failure" to pursue the defeated Confederate army after Antietam that convinced President Lincoln to sack him? In Too Useful to Sacrifice, Stotelmyer combines extensive primary research, smooth prose, and a keen appreciation for the infrastructure and capabilities of the terrain of nineteenth century Maryland. The result is one of the most eye-opening and groundbreaking essay collections in modern memory. Readers will never look at this campaign

the same way again. By the time they close this book, most readers will agree Lincoln had no need to continue his search for a capable army commander because he already had one.

Too Useful to Sacrifice

In a war of brother versus brother, theirs has become the most famous broken friendship: Union general Winfield Scott Hancock and Confederate general Lewis Armistead. Michael Shaara's The Killer Angels (1974) and the movie Gettysburg (1993), based on the novel, presented a close friendship sundered by war, but history reveals something different from the legend that holds up Hancock and Armistead as sentimental symbols of a nation torn apart. In this deeply researched book, Tom McMillan sets the record straight. Even if their relationship wasn't as close as the legend has it, Hancock and Armistead knew each other well before the Civil War. Armistead was seven years older, but in a small prewar army where everyone seemed to know everyone else, Hancock and Armistead crossed paths at a fort in Indian Territory before the Mexican War and then served together in California, becoming friends—and they emotionally parted ways when the Civil War broke out. Their lives wouldn't intersect again until Gettysburg, when they faced each other during Pickett's Charge. Armistead died of his wounds at Gettysburg on July 5, 1863; Hancock went on to be the Democratic nominee for president in 1880, losing to James Garfield. Part dual biography and part Civil War history, Armistead and Hancock: Behind the Gettysburg Legend clarifies the historic record with new information and fresh perspective, reversing decades of misconceptions about an amazing story of two friends that has defined the Civil War.

Armistead and Hancock

The heavy fog that shrouded Antietam Creek on the morning of September 17, 1862, was disturbed by the boom of Federal artillery fire. The carnage and chaos began in the East Woods and Cornfield and continued inexorably on as McClellan's and Lee's troops collided at the West Woods, Bloody Lane and Burnside Bridge. Though outnumbered, the Rebels still managed to hold their ground until nightfall. Chief historian of the Antietam National Battlefield, Ted Alexander renders a fresh and gripping portrayal of the battle, its aftermath, the effect on the civilians of Sharpsburg and the efforts to preserve the hallowed spot. Maps by master cartographer Steven Stanley add further depth to Alexander's account of the Battle of Antietam.

Battle of Antietam

A Companion to the U.S. Civil War presents a comprehensive historiographical collection of essays covering all major military, political, social, and economic aspects of the American Civil War (1861-1865). Represents the most comprehensive coverage available relating to all aspects of the U.S. Civil War Features contributions from dozens of experts in Civil War scholarship Covers major campaigns and battles, and military and political figures, as well as non-military aspects of the conflict such as gender, emancipation, literature, ethnicity, slavery, and memory

A Companion to the U.S. Civil War

The Battle of Antietam took place on September 17, 1862, and still stands as the bloodiest single day in American military history. Additionally, in its aftermath, President Abraham Lincoln issued his famous Emancipation Proclamation. In this engaging, easy-to-use guide, Carol Reardon and Tom Vossler allow visitors to understand this crucial Civil War battle in fine detail. Abundantly illustrated with maps and historical and modern photographs, A Field Guide to Antietam explores twenty-one sites on and near the battlefield where significant action occurred. Combining crisp narrative and rich historical context, each stop in the book is structured around the following questions: *What happened here? *Who fought here? *Who commanded here? *Who fell here? *Who lived here? *How did participants remember the events? With accessible presentation and fresh interpretations of primary and secondary evidence, this is an absolutely essential guide to Antietam and its lasting legacy.

A Field Guide to Antietam

This collection of nine original essays provides a rich new understanding of Connecticut's vital role in the Civil War. The book's nine chapters address an array of individual topics that together weave an intricate fabric depicting the state's involvement in this tumultuous period of American history. In-depth examinations of subjects as diverse as the abolitionist movement in Windham County, the shipbuilding

industry in Mystic, and post-traumatic stress disorder in Connecticut veterans serve as an excellent companion to Matthew Warshauer's earlier book on the subject, Connecticut in the American Civil War: Slavery, Sacrifice, and Survival. Contributors include David C. W. Batch, Luke G. Boyd, James E. Brown, Michael Conlin, Emily E. Gifford, Todd Jones, Diana Moraco, Carol Patterson-Martineau, and Michael Sturges. Ebook Edition Note: 6 illustrations have been redacted.

Inside Connecticut and the Civil War

Although much is known about the political stance of the military at large during the Civil War, the political party affiliations of individual soldiers have received little attention. Drawing on archival sources from twenty-five generals and 250 volunteer officers and enlisted men, John Matsui offers the first major study to examine the ways in which individual politics were as important as military considerations to battlefield outcomes and how the experience of war could alter soldiers' political views. The conservative war aims pursued by Abraham Lincoln's generals (and to some extent, the president himself) in the first year of the American Civil War focused on the preservation of the Union and the restoration of the antebellum status quo. This approach was particularly evident in the prevailing policies and attitudes toward Confederacy-supporting Southern civilians and slavery. But this changed in Virginia during the summer of 1862 with the formation of the Army of Virginia. If the Army of the Potomac (the major Union force in Virginia) was dominated by generals who concurred with the ideology of the Democratic Party, the Army of Virginia (though likewise a Union force) was its political opposite, from its senior generals to the common soldiers. The majority of officers and soldiers in the Army of Virginia saw slavery and pro-Confederate civilians as crucial components of the rebel war effort and blamed them for prolonging the war. The frustrating occupation experiences of the Army of Virginia radicalized them further, making them a vanguard against Southern rebellion and slavery within the Union army as a whole and paving the way for Abraham Lincoln to issue the Emancipation Proclamation.

The First Republican Army

Dr. Richard Sommers' Challenges of Command in the Civil War distills six decades of studying the Civil War into two succinct, thought-provoking volumes. This first installment focuses on "Civil War Generals and Generalship." The subsequent volume will explore "Civil War Strategy, Operations, and Organization." Each chapter is a free-standing essay that can be appreciated in its own right without reading the entire book, Ulysses S. Grant and Robert E. Lee stand out in Volume I as Dr. Sommers analyzes their generalship throughout the Civil War. Their exercise of command in the decisive Virginia Campaign from May 1864 to April 1865 receives particular attention—especially during the great Siege of Petersburg, about which the author has long ranked as the pioneering and pre-eminent historian. Five chapters evaluating Grant and Lee are followed by five more on "Civil War Generals" and Generalship." One of those essays, "American Cincinnatus," explores twenty citizen-soldiers who commanded mobile army corps in the Union Army and explains why such officers were selected for senior command. Antietam, Gettysburg, and Petersburg are central to three essays on Northern corps and wing commanders. Both Federals and Confederates are featured in "Founding Fathers: Renowned Revolutionary War Relatives of Significant Civil War Soldiers and Statesmen." The ground-breaking original research underlying that chapter identifies scores of connections between the "Greatest Generations" of the 18th and 19th Centuries—far more than just the well-known link of "Light Horse" Harry" Lee to his son, Robert E. Lee. From original research in Chapter 10 to new ways of looking at familiar facts in Chapters 6-9 to distilled judgments from a lifetime of study in Chapters 1-5, Challenges of Command invites readers to think—and rethink—about the generalship of Grant, Lee, and senior commanders of the Civil War. This book is an essential part of every Civil War library.

Challenges of Command in the Civil War

With vivid battlefield accounts based on extensive primary research, award-winning author Jack Dempsey's masterful biography tells the amazing story of an unsung hero. Detroit's Alpheus Starkey Williams never tired in service to his city or his country. A veteran of the Mexican-American War, he was a preeminent military figure in Michigan before the Civil War. He was key to the Lost Order, the Battle of Gettysburg, the March to the Sea and the Carolinas Campaign. His generalship at Antietam made possible the Emancipation Proclamation, and Meade and Sherman relied on his unshakable leadership. A steady hand in wartime and in peacetime, Williams was a Yale graduate, lawyer, judge, editor, municipal official, militia officer, diplomat and congressman who stood on principle over party.

Reviews are an important aspect of scholarly discussion because they help filter out which works are relevant in the yearly flood of publications and are thus influential in determining how a work is received. The IBR, published again since 1971 as an interdisciplinary, international bibliography of reviews, it is a unique source of bibliographical information. The database contains entries on over 1.2 million book reviews of literature dealing primarily with the humanities and social sciences published in 6,820, mainly European scholarly journals. Reviews of more than 560,000 scholarly works are listed. The database increases every year by 60,000 entries. Every entry contains the following information: On the work reviewed: author, title On the review: reviewer, periodical (year, edition, page, ISSN), language, subject area (in German, English, Italian) Publisher, address of journal

2009

"Kreiser breathes new life into this most important of Union Army units. . . . A remarkably well-written and superbly researched account." —David E. Long, author of The Jewel of Liberty: Abraham Lincoln's Re-election and the End of Slavery Fair Oaks, the Seven Days, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, Cold Harbor, Petersburg—the list of significant battles fought by the Second Corps, Army of the Potomac, is a long and distinguished one. This absorbing history of the Second Corps follows the unit's creation and rise to prominence, the battles that earned it a reputation for hard fighting, and the legacy its veterans sought to maintain in the years after the Civil War. More than an account of battles, Defeating Lee gets to the heart of what motivated these men, why they fought so hard, and how they sustained a spirited defense of cause and country long after the guns had fallen silent. "[An] excellent contribution to Civil War history shelves." —Midwest Book Review "Lawrence Kreiser tells the Second Corps' story with verve and attention to personal as well as bureaucratic details." —Civil War Librarian

Defeating Lee

Die International Bibliographiy of Historical Sciences verzeichnet jährlich die bedeutendsten Neuerscheinungen geschichtswissenschaftlicher Monographien und Zeitschriftenartikel weltweit, die inhaltlich von der Vor- und Frühgeschichte bis zur jüngsten Vergangenheit reichen. Sie ist damit die derzeit einzige laufende Bibliographie dieser Art, die thematisch, zeitlich und geographisch ein derart breites Spektrum abdeckt. Innerhalb der systematischen Gliederung nach Zeitalter, Region oder historischer Disziplin sind die Werke nach Autorennamen oder charakteristischem Titelhauptwort aufgelistet.

2008

The Battle of Shepherdstown and the End of the Campaign is the third and final volume of Ezra Carman's magisterial The Maryland Campaign of September 1862. As bloody and horrific as the battle of Antietam was, historian Ezra Carman—who penned a 1,800-page manuscript on the Maryland campaign—did not believe it was the decisive battle of the campaign. Generals Robert E. Lee and George B. McClellan intended to continue fighting after Sharpsburg, but the battle of Shepherdstown Ford (September 19 and 20) forced them to abandon their goals and end the campaign. Carman was one of the few who gave this smaller engagement its due importance, detailing the disaster that befell the 118th Pennsylvania Infantry and Maj. Gen. A. P. Hill's success in repulsing the Union advance, and the often overlooked foray of Jeb Stuart's cavalry to seize the Potomac River ford at Williamsport. Carman also added a statistical study of the casualties in the various battles of the entire Maryland Campaign, and covered Lincoln's decision to relieve McClellan of command on November 7. He also explored the relations between President Lincoln and General McClellan before and after the Maryland Campaign, which he appended to his original manuscript. The "before" section, a thorough examination of the controversy about McClellan's role in the aftermath of Second Manassas campaign, will surprise some and discomfort others, and includes an interesting narrative about McClellan's reluctance to commit General Franklin's corps to aid Maj. Gen. John Pope's army at Manassas. Carman concludes with an executive summary of the entire campaign. Dr. Clemens concludes Carman's invaluable narrative with a bibliographical dictionary (and genealogical goldmine) of the soldiers, politicians, and diplomats who had an impact on shaping Carman's manuscript. While many names will be familiar to readers, others upon whom Carman relied for creating his campaign narrative are as obscure to us today as they were during the war. The Maryland Campaign of September 1862, Vol. III: The Battle of Shepherdstown and the End of the Campaign, concludes the most comprehensive and detailed account of the campaign ever produced. Jammed with firsthand accounts, personal anecdotes, detailed footnotes, maps, and photos, this long-awaited study will be appreciated as Civil War history at its finest. Blood on the Moon examines the evidence, myths, and lies surrounding the political assassination that dramatically altered the course of American history. Was John Wilkes Booth a crazed loner acting out of revenge, or was he the key player in a wide conspiracy aimed at removing the one man who had crushed the Confederacy's dream of independence? Edward Steers Jr. crafts an intimate, engaging narrative of the events leading to Lincoln's death and the political, judicial, and cultural aftermaths of his assassination.

The Maryland Campaign of September 1862

A richly detailed account of the hard-fought campaign that led to Antietam Creek and changed the course of the Civil War. In early September 1862 thousands of Union soldiers huddled within the defenses of Washington, disorganized and discouraged from their recent defeat at Second Manassas. Confederate General Robert E. Lee then led his tough and confident Army of Northern Virginia into Maryland in a bold gamble to force a showdown that could win Southern independence. The future of the Union hung in the balance. The campaign that followed lasted only two weeks, but it changed the course of the Civil War. D. Scott Hartwig delivers a riveting first installment of a two-volume study of the campaign and climactic battle. It takes the reader from the controversial return of George B. McClellan as commander of the Army of the Potomac through the Confederate invasion, the siege and capture of Harpers Ferry, the daylong Battle of South Mountain, and, ultimately, to the eve of the great and terrible Battle of Antietam.

Blood on the Moon

To Antietam Creek

The World The Civil War Made The Steven And Janice Brose Lectures In The Civil War Era

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Slaveholding States

Dred Scott Decision

Could there have been some different outcome

We had been there before

Could the war have been avoided

Could the war have ended differently

Unconditional surrender

The future of slavery

Dred Scott

Political Life

International Slaveholding

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Tacitus

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The War

The Aftermath

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Allegany To Appomattox

brother named John was born three years later. An 1850 census of Almond, Allegany County, recorded the ages of the Litchard family: George (34), Nancy (37)... 11 KB (1,475 words) - 15:15, 5 February 2024

but are not called counties. The United States Census Bureau refers to the latter as county equivalents. The 237 county equivalents include the District... 327 KB (1,404 words) - 22:05, 15 March 2024 until November. The companies were recruited principally: A at Villenova, Allegany, Madison, Yorkshire, Freedom and Mansfield; B at Rochester, Avon, Phelps... 7 KB (813 words) - 04:05, 28 May 2021 Maryland County Studio 1 Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom 4 Bedroom Allegany \$499 \$587 \$734 \$965 \$1,223 Anne Arundel \$917 \$1,115 \$1,384 \$1,793 \$2,053 Baltimore... 280 KB (40 words) - 18:39, 13 March 2024

North Carolina: Alamance is named for Great Alamance Creek. Allegany County, New York: Allegany is a variant spelling of the Allegheny River. Alleghany County... 21 KB (2,629 words) - 00:59, 16 November 2023

of Erie, Niagara, Wyoming, Orleans, Allegany and Wayne, and were mustered into the U. S. service from Oct., 1863, to Feb., 1864, for three years. The regiment... 5 KB (591 words) - 02:08, 21 March 2022

prosecutor, called a county attorney. Source: District attorneys are assigned to Arkansas's 23 judicial circuits. Arkansas's prosecutors are known as Prosecuting... 260 KB (1,988 words) - 12:45, 17 March 2024

does not include townships. Ohio is the only state that allows a township to exist in multiple counties, but a township is not considered a municipality... 94 KB (189 words) - 23:15, 24 December 2023 merger. One of the 38 independent cities of Virginia. "Substantial Changes to Counties and County Equivalent Entities: 1970-Present". United States Census... 284 KB (571 words) - 01:24, 8 January 2024

county name etymologies, covering the letters A to D. Lists of U.S. county name etymologies for links to the remainder of the list. Idaho.gov - Bonneville... 119 KB (108 words) - 21:29, 28 April 2023 Maine The State of Maryland comprises 23 counties and 1 independent city. Allegany County, Maryland Anne Arundel County, Maryland Baltimore County, Maryland... 118 KB (11,971 words) - 02:15, 25 September 2023

the Strike also spread into western Maryland to the major railroad hub of Cumberland, county seat of Allegany County where railway workers stopped freight... 45 KB (5,346 words) - 15:14, 21 March 2024 highly patronized church. Company C was principally recruited at Scio in Allegany County in western New York state. Company D was recruited from Clyde in... 19 KB (1,972 words) - 20:47, 15 November 2023

cities are county-equivalents, the word "city" is included to identify the independent cities and to differentiate them from counties with identical names;... 351 KB (492 words) - 21:19, 10 July 2023 FM Louisa, Kentucky WHKR 102.7 FM Rockledge, Florida WHKS 94.9 FM Port Allegany, Pennsylvania WHKU 91.9 FM Proctorville, Ohio WHKV 106.1 FM Sylvester,... 45 KB (45 words) - 20:03, 10 March 2024

Haydon reported to Col. Walter Stevens in the Department of Richmond and worked on rebuilding the Pocahontas bridge over the Appomattox River near Petersburg... 28 KB (3,401 words) - 15:23, 2 March 2024

pro-Second Amendment) resolutions: Calvert County Saint Mary's county Allegany Carroll Cecil Harford 51 out of 83 counties, 1 city, and 6 townships have... 338 KB (20,174 words) - 14:50, 21 February 2024

feet (2.7 m) high by 18 feet (5.5 m) across. The battles of Chattanooga, Appomattox, and Vicksburg are depicted in the murals on the western, northern, and... 217 KB (21,387 words) - 18:35, 11 March 2024

the Appomattox campaign, and were responsible for the capture of Lieutenant General Richard S. Ewell. After Lee's capture, the regiment returned to Richmond... 19 KB (1,680 words) - 02:44, 20 February 2024

the administrators of the Blacksmith estate, went on to draft the surrender at Appomattox and to become the first indigenous Commissioner of Indian Affairs... 57 KB (8,206 words) - 01:42, 12 November 2023

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