

michel foucault discipline punish

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Explore Michel Foucault's seminal work, *Discipline and Punish*, which meticulously analyzes the historical transformation of penal systems and the intricate relationship between power and knowledge. This influential text delves into how modern disciplinary mechanisms, including concepts like the panopticon, shape human behavior and maintain social order, offering critical insights into surveillance and institutional control.

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MODES OF PUNISHMENT CHANGE OVER TIME

STUDYING PUNISHMENT REVEALS POWER'S TECHNIQUES

CURRENT JUSTICE & DISCIPLINARY SYSTEMS ILLUMINATE CURRENT POWER DYNAMICS

HAS PUNISHMENT GOTTEN MORE HUMANE?

SUBSTITUTION OF OBJECTS

JUSTICE SYSTEMS ARE HISTORICALLY CONTINGENT

Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison - Michel Foucault - Full Audiobook - Part 1 - Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison - Michel Foucault - Full Audiobook - Part 1 by Theory Audiobooks 61,099 views 3 years ago 10 hours, 45 minutes - In this brilliant work, the most influential philosopher since Sartre suggests that such vaunted reforms as the abolition of torture ...

1. The Body of the Condemned

2. The Spectacle of the Scaffold

1. Generalized Punishment

2. The Gentle Way in Punishment

1. Docile Bodies

The Art of Distributions

The Control of Activity

The Organization of Geneses

The Composition of Forces

2. The Means of Correct Training

Hierarchical Observation

Normalizing Judgement

The Examination

3. Panopticism

An Introduction to Michel Foucault's Discipline and Punish - A Macat Sociology Analysis - An

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In The History of Madness, Foucault drew a distinction between mental illness and madness; the latter, he argued, is a social construct based on subjective assumptions.

Foucault's intellectual contributions were based on his claim that no one person or group alone possesses power: as the individual is constructed from the power relations in which he or she lives, escape from those power relations is impossible.

For Foucault, discipline is not the top-down application of direct coercion but power used in a way that makes the individual self-regulate.

historically contingent

Foucault seeks to analyze punishment in its social context, and to examine how changing power relations affected punishment.

Prison reformers proposed a theater of punishment, in which a complex system of representations and signs was displayed publicly.

Discipline is a series of techniques by which the body's operations can be controlled. Discipline worked by coercing and arranging the individual's movements and his experience of space and time.

Disciplinary power has three elements: hierarchical observation, normalizing judgment and examination. Observation and the gaze are key instruments of power.

Criticism of the failure of prisons misses the point, because failure is part of its very nature. The process by which failure and operation are combined is the carceral system.

The aim of prison, and of the carceral system, is to produce delinquency as a means of structuring and controlling crime.

In Discipline and Punish,, Foucault begins a deep examination of the relationship between the physical body, the individual, and what he calls power-knowledge — the marriage of power and knowledge that allows the powerful to classify and control people and things.

What Does Discipline and Punish Say?

Foucault suggested that the Panopticon and the mechanisms of power it contains extend beyond the prison and into other institutions of society.

Why Does Discipline and Punish Matter?

Discipline and Punish traces the evolution of modern power structures such as current prison systems and considers their effects on human freedom and identity.

Foucault's analyses encouraged scholars to dramatically re-evaluate how they view the operation of power, knowledge, and what constitutes the individual.

The theory advanced in Discipline and Punish is often used to understand how individuals internalize power and the effect this has on both social relations and the possibility of resistance.

Michel Foucault, Discipline and Punish - Michel Foucault, Discipline and Punish by UBC Arts One 73,456 views 7 years ago 1 hour, 38 minutes - In this lecture for Arts One at the University of British Columbia in Vancouver, BC, Canada, Christina Hendricks discusses ...

Introduction

Internet surveillance

Prisoners Information Group

Foucaults Role

Historical Analysis

Power and Knowledge

Power and Relationships

Power

Truth

Power relations

Freedom

Spectacle

Foucault's Panopticon: Rise of the Surveillance State - Foucault's Panopticon: Rise of the Surveillance State by Great Books Prof 37,903 views 1 year ago 9 minutes - #Foucault #philosophy #surveillance What to Watch Next More videos on **Michel Foucault**,! Foucault: **Discipline, and Punish**, ...

Intro

The Plague Town

The Panopticon

The Panopticon Effect

Episode #121 ... Michel Foucault pt. 1 - Discipline and Punish - Episode #121 ... Michel Foucault pt. 1 - Discipline and Punish by Philosophize This! 96,720 views 5 years ago 34 minutes - Thank you for making the show possible.

Discipline and Punish

Social Contract Theory

What Happens When the Power Structure No Longer Serves the Needs of the People

Strict Time Schedule

Surveillance Normalization and Examination

Panopticon

Standard of Being a Good Employee

The Dominant Way of Controlling Human Behavior

Goal of the Modern Penal System

The Modern Soul

Michel Foucault's "Discipline & Punish" (Part 1/2) - Michel Foucault's "Discipline & Punish" (Part 1/2) by Theory & Philosophy 10,529 views 4 years ago 57 minutes - In this episode, I present the first half of **Foucault's**, seminal **Discipline**, & **Punish**,. In this half he sketches a firm distinction between a ...

Intro

Torture as an abstraction

Modern execution

New questions

Matrix of power

The Code

The Role of Torture

Torture as Confession

Torture as Spectacle

Sovereign Power

Generalized Punishment

New Form of Punishment

The Reformers

Six Rules

Optimal Specification

Punishment

Prisons

Functions of the prison

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about the problem of justice and establishing a people's court.

the penal system in France or police practices in France

a superior justice, or human justice in general

One has to attack the practices of justice and the practices of police

The proletariat wages war against the ruling class

Lone Jewish Man Threatened With Violence While MET PCs Stand By And Do Nothing - Lone Jewish Man Threatened With Violence While MET PCs Stand By And Do Nothing by Police Abusing Powers 16,026 views 2 days ago 4 minutes, 45 seconds - ^Calls will not be answered and chats will not be replied too on this number, this is simply and ***ONLY*** for uploading your videos.

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| Philosophy Tube by Philosophy Tube 1,591,781 views 3 years ago 38 minutes - Paypal.me/PhilosophyTube Twitter: @PhilosophyTube Email: philosophytubebusiness@gmail.com Facebook: ...

Dr Harold Shipman

Do some People Deserve To Die

Does Capital Punishment Deter Crime

Retributivism

Constructive Malice

Timothy Evans

Ruth Ellis

1957 Homicide Act

Criminalization

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Introduction

How do you justify moral relativism

Moral values are biological systems

Moral values have advanced

The Enlightenment

NATO's Hunger to Lose - George Galloway's Win - Nuland's Resignation | Richard D. Wolff - NATO's Hunger to Lose - George Galloway's Win - Nuland's Resignation | Richard D. Wolff by Dialogue works 153,601 views 1 day ago 1 hour, 3 minutes - Richard D. Wolff is Professor of Economics Emeritus, University of Massachusetts, Amherst where he taught economics from 1973 ...

Slavoj Zizek — Michel Foucault & Free Will - Slavoj Zizek — Michel Foucault & Free Will by The Radical Revolution 128,858 views 5 years ago 4 minutes, 11 seconds - GET THE 'I Would Prefer Not To' T-SHIRT: <https://i-would-prefer-not-to.com>.

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Introduction

Defenition of Genealogy

Genealogy's Features

Genealogy In Action

The Creation of Identities

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1. Complete and Austere Institutions

2. Illegalities and Delinquency

3. The Carceral

PHILOSOPHY - Michel Foucault - PHILOSOPHY - Michel Foucault by The School of Life 3,617,015 views 8 years ago 8 minutes, 17 seconds - Michel Foucault, was a philosophical historian who questioned many of our assumptions about how much better the world is today ...

Introduction

Childhood

Mental illness

The medical gaze

Discipline and punish

History of sexuality

Conclusion

The Origins of Torture & Punishment | The Birth of the Prison Part 1 | Michel Foucault - The Origins of Torture & Punishment | The Birth of the Prison Part 1 | Michel Foucault by a partial perspective 40,780 views 6 years ago 5 minutes, 27 seconds - The Birth of the Prison Part 1 | Origins of Torture & **Punishment**, | **Michel Foucault**, This video is the first part in a series on Michel ...

Michel Foucault - Discipline and Punish - Michel Foucault - Discipline and Punish by theVisitor 2,587 views 10 months ago 2 minutes, 53 seconds - A profound summary of **Michel Foucault's Discipline**, and **Punish**, #deutschland #philosophy #trending #motivation #viral #foryou ...

Foucault: Disciplinaryity and Creation of Docile Bodies - Foucault: Disciplinaryity and Creation of Docile

Bodies by Dr. Masood Raja 5,348 views 2 years ago 10 minutes, 59 seconds - ... brief discussion of **Michel Foucault's**, concept of disciplinarity and creation of docile bodies. M. Foucault. **Discipline**, and **Punish**,.

Introduction

Discipline and Punishment

The Impact of Punishment

French Incarceration

Creation of docile bodies

Incarceral systems

Docile bodies

Disciplinarity as a discourse

Conclusion

Foucault: WTF? An Introduction to Foucault, Power and Knowledge - Foucault: WTF? An Introduction to Foucault, Power and Knowledge by Tom Nicholas 374,918 views 4 years ago 26 minutes - ... by **Michel Foucault**,: **Discipline**, and **Punish**,: The Birth of the Prison, The Order of Things and The History of Sexuality (as well as, ...

Introduction

Power and Knowledge

Foucault and Nietzsche

Epistemes

Discipline and Punishment

The Panopticon

Conclusion

Foucault: Crime, Police, & Power | Philosophy Tube - Foucault: Crime, Police, & Power | Philosophy Tube by Philosophy Tube 152,773 views 6 years ago 9 minutes, 6 seconds - Part 1/2 - What is prison for? How has crime and **punishment**, changed in the last 250 years? Philosopher **Michel Foucault**, says ...

(D&P 1) Foucault "Discipline and Punish" Chapter-by-Chapter Guide - (D&P 1) Foucault "Discipline and Punish" Chapter-by-Chapter Guide by Mike Mena 12,155 views 6 years ago 13 minutes, 16 seconds

Disclaimer

First Chapter the Body of the Condemned

Timetable

Keywords

Genealogy of the Modern Soul

Rule Three

The History of the Present

History of Sexuality

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Intro

Chapter 1

Chapter 2

Chapter 3

Chapter 4

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Chapter 22
Chapter 23

The Communist Manifesto Animated Book Summary - The Communist Manifesto Animated Book Summary by Shortform 38,756 views 1 year ago 2 minutes, 59 seconds - In this video, find out what's actually in The Communist Manifesto. What did Marx and Engels predict today's world would look like, ...

Bourgeoisie

Revolution Is Inevitable

Introduction to Foucault - Introduction to Foucault by Then & Now 269,699 views 4 years ago 24 minutes - In this introduction to **Foucault**, I look at the poststructuralist philosopher's influences and context (Nietzsche, Levi-Strauss & Sartre, ...

Discipline & Punish by Michel Foucault | Bernard E. Harcourt Lecture - Discipline & Punish by Michel Foucault | Bernard E. Harcourt Lecture by Columbia Center for Contemporary Critical Thought 1,701 views 11 months ago 45 minutes - Contemporary Civilization, Columbia College April 21, 2020.

Intro

Simplicity of the book

New forms of exercising power

Knowledge and power relations

Military discipline

Military Barracks

Panoptic Prison

Moralization of the Poor

Genealogy

Panopticism

Civil War

Michel Foucault, 'whiteness' in Discipline & Punishment - Michel Foucault, 'whiteness' in Discipline & Punishment by Dr. Kuku 3,484 views 13 years ago 10 minutes, 2 seconds - Whiteness & the condemned black body in **Michel Foucault's**, seminal 1975 '**Discipline**, and **Punishment**,: The Birth of the Prison' ...

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Michel Foucault (1926–1984) was a prominent twentieth-century French philosopher, who wrote prolifically. Many of his works were translated into English... 13 KB (647 words) - 05:17, 14 October 2022

Paul-Michel Foucault (UK: /ÈfuðkoŠ/, US: /fuðÈkoŠ/; French: [pTI mif[I fuko]; 15 October 1926 – 25 June 1984) was a French philosopher, historian of ideas... 135 KB (17,926 words) - 21:37, 29 February 2024
concept of academic disciplines came from Michel Foucault in his 1975 book, Discipline and Punish. Foucault asserts that academic disciplines originate from... 22 KB (2,612 words) - 19:00, 23 February 2024

The Archaeology of Knowledge (1969) and Discipline and Punish (1975). Deleuze, Gilles (13 June 2006). Foucault. ISBN 9780826490780. Retrieved 25 June 2018... 2 KB (84 words) - 03:22, 24 January 2023

(French: institution disciplinaire) is a concept proposed by Michel Foucault in Discipline and Punish

(1975). School, prison, barracks, or the hospital are examples... 2 KB (163 words) - 19:58, 5 August 2023

populations[clarification needed]". It was coined by French social theorist Michel Foucault. Foucault first used the term in his lecture courses at the Collège de France... 30 KB (4,136 words) - 03:03, 18 January 2024

Press. Foucault, Michel (1972) [1969]. *Archaeology of Knowledge*. New York: Pantheon Books. ISBN 978-0-415-28752-4. — (1977). *Discipline and Punish*. New... 21 KB (2,235 words) - 16:56, 7 February 2024

than just a model prison for boys in the work of Michel Foucault. In *Discipline and Punish* Foucault denotes the opening of Mettray prison as the most... 8 KB (1,261 words) - 18:16, 23 January 2024

carceral network of the Soviet Gulag. Concepts developed in Foucault's *Discipline and Punish* have been widely used by researchers in the growing, multi-disciplinary... 38 KB (4,548 words) - 09:17, 9 November 2023

expressed through language and practices, and based on the theories of Michel Foucault. Besides focusing on the meaning of a given discourse, the distinguishing... 11 KB (1,297 words) - 00:40, 28 January 2024

OCLC 968195366. Foucault, Michel (1975). *Discipline and Punish*. New York: Random House. p. 27. Foucault, Michel (1975). *Discipline and Punish*. New York: Random... 32 KB (4,210 words) - 22:19, 19 December 2023

sexuality in the Western world by the French historian and philosopher Michel Foucault, in which the author examines the emergence of "sexuality" as a discursive... 41 KB (5,250 words) - 19:13, 2 March 2024

Möllenkamp and Peter McCaffery Who were the Ideologues? 2004 Michel Foucault *Discipline and Punish*, pp. 102–103 1977 J.M. Servan *Discours sur l'administration*... 4 KB (508 words) - 16:49, 4 December 2023

found in the work of Michel Foucault, especially *Discipline and Punish*, in the context of his account of disciplinary power. As Foucault used the term, normalization... 6 KB (652 words) - 23:08, 27 February 2024

gaze (or "the look") in *Being and Nothingness* (1943). Michel Foucault, in *Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison* (1975), developed the concept... 23 KB (3,086 words) - 20:33, 14 February 2024

Harvester press. ISBN 0-85527-557-X. OCLC 800627432. Foucault, Michel (1995). *Discipline and punish : the birth of the prison* (Second Vintage books ed.)... 30 KB (3,550 words) - 14:46, 30 November 2023

November 30, 1969. Vuillemin put forward Michel Foucault to the general assembly of professors and Foucault was duly elected on 12 April 1970. He was... 50 KB (7,503 words) - 16:40, 27 December 2023

activist. Partner to the late Michel Foucault, Defert co-founded France's first AIDS advocacy group, AIDES, following Foucault's death from complications related... 9 KB (788 words) - 00:02, 14 October 2023

execution is also described and discussed at length by Michel Foucault in his treatise *Discipline and Punish*, in examination of the shift in views on punishment... 19 KB (2,074 words) - 17:57, 10 February 2024

How to Read Foucault's Discipline and Punish

A step-by-step guide to reading Foucault's hugely influential text.

How to Read Foucault's Discipline and Punish

Michel Foucault's *Discipline and Punish* is one of the best-selling works of critical theory and a key text on many undergraduate courses. However, it is a long, difficult text which makes Anne Schwan and Stephen Shapiro's excellent step-by-step reading guide a welcome addition to the *How to Read Theory* series. Undergraduates across a wide range of disciplines are expected to have a solid understanding of Foucault's key terms, which have become commonplace in critical thinking today. While there are many texts that survey Foucault's thought, these are often more general overviews or biographical précis that give little in the way of robust explanation and discussion. In contrast, *How to Read Foucault's Discipline and Punish* takes a plain-speaking, yet detailed, approach, specifically designed to give students a thorough understanding of one of the most influential texts in contemporary cultural theory.

Discipline and Punish

A brilliant work from the most influential philosopher since Sartre. In this indispensable work, a brilliant thinker suggests that such vaunted reforms as the abolition of torture and the emergence of the modern penitentiary have merely shifted the focus of punishment from the prisoner's body to his soul.

Discipline and Punish

'Imaginative, illuminating and innovative' The New York Times Book Review The grisly spectacle of public executions and torture of centuries ago has been replaced by the penal system in western society - but has anything really changed? In his revolutionary work on control and power relations in our public institutions, Michel Foucault argues that the development of prisons, police organizations and legal hierarchies has merely changed the focus of domination from our bodies to our souls. Even schools, factories, barracks and hospitals, in which an individual's time is controlled hour by hour, are part of a disciplinary society. 'Foucault's genius is called forth into the eloquent clarity of his passions ... his best book' Washington Post

Quicklet on Michel Foucault's Discipline & Punish: The Birth of the Prison (CliffNotes-like Summary)

ABOUT THE BOOK To read and understand Foucault is to know that you are not a free man, but in fact a prisoner/guard in a penitentiary named Western Society. Discipline and Punish changed the way the humanities and social sciences understood power and the way that I understood my place in the world. It answers questions like why non-conformists dress like all the other non-conformists and why we all try to hide the fact that we are singing to ourselves in our cars while simultaneously watching other people to see if they are singing to themselves. We all participate in maintaining the norms and rules of our society. In the Rebellious sixties, young people were attacking the establishment but they did not realize how deeply entrenched the power was and how it flowed, not from the top down, but out of all levels of society as a ubiquitous force. MEET THE AUTHOR Davidson received his BA from the University of Windsor and his MA from Carleton University. He teaches history at Eldercollege in Windsor, Ontario and has published a biography of Charles G.D. Roberts. You can follow his blog at www.hubpages.com/bkeithdavidson. EXCERPT FROM THE BOOK Part one "Torture" begins with the gruesome execution of convicted regicide Robert-Francois Damiens who had attempted to murder Louis XIV and had his sins cleansed by making Amene Honorable. The rest of the book then has to explain how we have moved in only two hundred years from burning hot pincers removing the flesh from your bones to sitting in prison with three meals a day. The societal pressure for the move towards lenience began only decades after the grizzly death of Damiens and came from all levels of society. This period saw the focus of judicial punishment shift from the body to the soul. To use Foucault's phrase, "The soul is the prison of the body." The theatrical displays that accompanied of the earlier forms of punishment are now reserved for the court room. The second part "Punishment" starts with a discussion of the reform movement of the late eighteenth century that forced sovereigns and governments in general distance themselves from the violent act of killing. Judgement was put on display and punishment was hidden away. While capital punishment still exists, it is now done clinically and behind closed doors. Society itself was changing. There was a shift away from violent crimes into property related crimes. It is important to note that while many of the middle class philosophers were writing about this problem the demand for change came from all levels of the society. The lower classes were becoming more sympathetic to the plight of the condemned and even tried to help them at times. "Discipline" is the third part of the book and it deals with the training of the soul so that the society can exert power over it. This section deals with taking the human in any form and moulding it into the desired form. Foucault uses the example of the soldier and how this used to be a position that a man had to fit before he could join an army. Foucault saw a shift in the eighteenth century whereby armies started to believe that they could make soldiers out of any man no matter his condition. This philosophy extends into the society as school, hospital, and prison all have their methods, tests, and drills designed to create the model citizen. This section also explores how these institutions use the "political technology of the body" to control the space and time of the individual to create proper behaviour. Schedules and time tables are used to control the mind and organize the body. Buy a copy to keep reading!

Discipline and Punish

In this brilliant study, one of the most influential philosophers alive sweeps aside centuries of sterile debate about prison reform and gives a highly provocative account of how penal institutions and the power to punish became a part of our lives. Foucault explains the alleged failures of the modern prison by showing how the very concern with rehabilitation encourages and refines criminal activity.

Discipline and Punish

A brilliant work from the most influential philosopher since Sartre. In this indispensable work, a brilliant thinker suggests that such vaunted reforms as the abolition of torture and the emergence of the modern penitentiary have merely shifted the focus of punishment from the prisoner's body to his soul.

The Spectacle of the Scaffold

Foucault's writings on power and control in social institutions have made him one of the modern era's most influential thinkers. Here he argues that punishment has gone from being mere spectacle to becoming an instrument of systematic domination over individuals in society - not just of our bodies, but our souls. Throughout history, some books have changed the world. They have transformed the way we see ourselves - and each other. They have inspired debate, dissent, war and revolution. They have enlightened, outraged, provoked and comforted. They have enriched lives - and destroyed them. Now Penguin brings you the works of the great thinkers, pioneers, radicals and visionaries whose ideas shook civilization and helped make us who we are.

An Analysis of Michel Foucault's Discipline and Punish

Michel Foucault is famous as one of the 20th-century's most innovative thinkers – and his work on Discipline and Punish was so original and offered models so useful to other scholars that the book now ranks among the most influential academic works ever published. Foucault's aim is to trace the way in which incarceration was transformed between the seventeenth and twentieth centuries. What started as a spectacle, in which ritual punishments were focused on the prisoner's body, eventually became a matter of the private disciplining of a delinquent soul. Foucault's work is renowned for its original insights, and Discipline and Punish contains several of his most compelling observations. Much of the focus of the book is on making new connections between knowledge and power, leading Foucault to sketch out a new interpretation of the relationship between *voir*, *savoir* and *pouvoir* – or, 'to see is to know is to have power.' Foucault also dwells in fascinating detail on the true implications of a uniquely creative solution to the problems generated by incarcerating large numbers of criminals in a confined space – Jeremy Bentham's 'panopticon,' a prison constructed around a central tower from which hidden guards might – or might not – be monitoring any given prisoner at any given time. As Foucault points out, the panopticon creates a prison in which inmates will discipline themselves, for fear of punishment, even when there are no guards present. He goes on to apply this insight to the manner in which all of us behave in the outside world – a world in which CCTV and speed cameras are explicitly designed to modify our behavior. Foucault's highly original vision of prisons also ties them to broader structures of power, allowing him to argue that all previous conceptions of prison are misleading, even wrong. For Foucault, the ultimate purpose of incarceration is neither to punish inmates, nor to reduce crime. It is to produce delinquency as a way of enabling the state to control and of structure crime.

How To Read Foucault

Michel Foucault was a twentieth-century philosopher of extraordinary talent, a political activist, social theorist, cultural critic and creative historian. He shaped the ways we think today about such controversial issues as power, sexuality, madness and criminality. Johanna Oksala explores the conceptual tools that Foucault gave us for constructing new forms of thinking as well as for smashing old certainties. She offers a lucid account of him as a thinker whose persistent aim was to challenge the self-evidence and seeming inevitability of our current experiences, practices and institutions by showing their historical development and, therefore, contingency. Extracts are taken from the whole range of Foucault's writings - his books, essays, lectures and interviews - including the major works History of Madness, The Order of Things, Discipline and Punish and The History of Sexuality.

Discipline and Punish

In Foucault's Discipline, John S. Ransom extracts a distinctive vision of the political world—and oppositional possibilities within it—from the welter of disparate topics and projects Michel Foucault pursued over his lifetime. Uniquely, Ransom presents Foucault as a political theorist in the tradition of Weber and Nietzsche, and specifically examines Foucault's work in relation to the political tradition of liberalism and the Frankfurt School. By concentrating primarily on Discipline and Punish and the later Foucauldian texts, Ransom provides a fresh interpretation of this controversial philosopher's perspectives on concepts such as freedom, right, truth, and power. Foucault's Discipline demonstrates how Foucault's valorization of descriptive critique over prescriptive plans of action can be applied to the decisively altered political landscape of the end of this millennium. By reconstructing the philosopher's

arguments concerning the significance of disciplinary institutions, biopower, subjectivity, and forms of resistance in modern society, Ransom shows how Foucault has provided a different way of looking at and responding to contemporary models of government—in short, a new depiction of the political world.

Foucault's Discipline

Abstract: This introduction diagnoses two tendencies among Foucaultian scholars with regard to Michel Foucault's *Discipline and Punish*: While the book was initially enthusiastically embraced and its central concepts - above all "discipline" and "panopticism" - were used almost too frequently, these very concepts were often thought to be superseded by Foucault's own development in the governmentality lectures and beyond. The articles in the special issue, however, demonstrate that *Discipline and Punish*, read carefully with neither uncritical enthusiasm nor progressivist dismissal, has still a lot to offer for today's critical theory and cultural analysis

Introduction: 40 Years After Discipline and Punish

"In his critical interpretation of Kant's *Anthropology*, Michel Foucault warns against the dangers of treating psychology as a new metaphysics. Instead, he explores the possibility of studying man empirically as he is affected by time, art and technique, self-perception, and language. If man is both the condition for knowledge and its ultimate object, any empirical knowledge of man is inextricably tied up with language. Far from being a study of self-consciousness, anthropology is a way of questioning the limits of human knowledge and concrete existence." "Long unknown to Foucault readers, this text offers the first outline of what would later become Foucault's own frame of reference within the history of philosophy. Standing at a crossroad of his oeuvre, it allows us to look back on *Madness and Civilization* while it sketches out the relationship between discourse and truth developed in *The Order of Things*. This "introduction" finally announces what will be considered the most scandalous aspect of Foucault's thought: the death of man, but also the joyous advent of the *Übermensch*, the philosopher-artist capable of creating vital values."--BOOK JACKET.

Introduction to Kant's Anthropology

'A brilliant display of fireworks, attacking the widespread and banal notion that "in the beginning" sexual activity was guilt-free and delicious, being repressed and blighted only by the gloom of Victorianism' *Spectator* We talk about sex more and more, but are we more liberated? The first part of Michel Foucault's landmark account of our evolving attitudes in the west shows how the nineteenth century, far from suppressing sexuality, led to an explosion of discussion about sex as a separate sphere of life for study and examination. As a result, he argues, we are making a science of sex which is devoted to the analysis of desire rather than the increase of pleasure. 'A wealth of insights, original conceptualizations and provocative ideas' *The Times Literary Supplement*

The History of Sexuality: 1

Before the early 19th century, European ideas of crime and punishment tended to involve very public displays of the power of the monarch and the power of the state against the offending individual. Nowhere was this tendency more evident than in the spectacle of public executions. Those convicted of murder, piracy, counterfeiting, or other notable capital crimes would be taken to a public place for hanging or decapitation, and certain kinds of crimes warranted particularly gruesome punishments. In *Discipline and Punish*, social theorist Michel Foucault directly confronts and challenges a number of existing ideas surrounding the prison reforms of the late 1700s and early 1800s, and even into the twentieth century. By looking at the evolution of justice systems (focusing primarily on France), he suggests that the shift away from public executions and towards the idea of incarceration and reform within prison walls was a means of reframing the image of the power of society over the individual. Public executions often had the effect of making a criminal into a public martyr, and the ballads and broadsides printed for the common people did less to condemn the crime and more to glorify the criminal. By shifting the focus of justice into the prison and out of the public eye, authorities would have more direct control over the lives of those who had violated the norms of society.

Discipline and Punish

Few philosophers have had as significant an impact on contemporary thought as Michel Foucault. Rabinow has collected the best pieces from his three-volume set into a one-volume anthology.

The Essential Foucault

In his hugely influential book *Discipline and Punish*, Foucault used the example of Jeremy Bentham's Panopticon prison as a means of representing the transition from the early modern monarchy to the late modern capitalist state. In the former, power is visibly exerted, for instance by the destruction of the body of the criminal, while in the latter power becomes invisible and focuses on the mind of the subject, in order to identify, marginalize, and 'treat' those who are regarded as incapable of participating in, or unwilling to submit to, the disciplines of production. The Panopticon links the worlds of Bentham and Foucault scholars yet they are often at cross-purposes; with Bentham scholars lamenting the ways in which Foucault is perceived to have misunderstood panopticon, and Foucauldians apparently unaware of the complexities of Bentham's thought. This book combines an appreciation of Bentham's broader project with an engagement of Foucault's insights on economic government to go beyond the received reading of panopticism as a dark disciplinary technology of power. Scholars here offer new ways of understanding the Panopticon projects through a wide variety of topics including Bentham's plural Panopticons and their elaboration of schemes of 'panoptic Utopia', the 'inverted Panopticon', 'panoptic governance', 'political panopticism' and 'legal panopticism'. French studies on the Panopticon are groundbreaking and this book brings this research to an English-speaking audience for the first time. It is essential reading, not only for those studying Bentham and Foucault, but also those with an interest in intellectual history of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, and those studying contemporary surveillance and society.

Beyond Foucault

This book explores the theoretical contribution of Michel Foucault to the fields of criminology, law, justice and penology. It surveys both the ways in which the work of Foucault has been applied in criminology, but also how his work can be used to understand and explain contemporary issues and policies. Moreover, this book seeks to dispel some of the common misconceptions about the relevance of Foucault's work to criminology and law. Mariana Valverde clearly explains the insights that Foucault's rich body of work provides about different practices found in the fields of law, security, justice, and punishment; and how these insights have been used or could be used to understand and explain issues and policies that Foucault himself did not write about, including those that had not yet emerged during his lifetime. Drawing on key texts by Foucault such as *Discipline and Punish*, and also lectures he gave at the College de France and Louvain Criminology Institute which offer a more nuanced account of the development of criminal justice, Mariana Valverde offers the essential text on Foucault and his contribution and continued relevance to criminology. This book will be important reading for students and scholars of criminology, law, sociolegal studies, security studies, political theory and sociological theory.

Michel Foucault

The Foucault Reader is the ideal introduction to one of the most stimulating and influential writers of the past century. It includes detailed excerpts from all his richly textured historical studies - including *Discipline and Punish* and *The History of Sexuality* - as well as many of his best interviews.

The Foucault Reader

Michel Foucault has become famous for a series of books that have permanently altered our understanding of many institutions of Western society. He analyzed mental institutions in the remarkable *Madness and Civilization*; hospitals in *The Birth of the Clinic*; prisons in *Discipline and Punish*; and schools and families in *The History of Sexuality*. But the general reader as well as the specialist is apt to miss the consistent purposes that lay behind these difficult individual studies, thus losing sight of the broad social vision and political aims that unified them. Now, in this superb set of essays and interviews, Foucault has provided a much-needed guide to Foucault. These pieces, ranging over the entire spectrum of his concerns, enabled Foucault, in his most intimate and accessible voice, to interpret the conclusions of his research in each area and to demonstrate the contribution of each to the magnificent -- and terrifying -- portrait of society that he was patiently compiling. For, as Foucault shows, what he was always describing was the nature of power in society; not the conventional treatment of power that concentrates on powerful individuals and repressive institutions, but the much more

pervasive and insidious mechanisms by which power "reaches into the very grain of individuals, touches their bodies and inserts itself into their actions and attitudes, their discourses, learning processes and everyday lives" Foucault's investigations of prisons, schools, barracks, hospitals, factories, cities, lodgings, families, and other organized forms of social life are each a segment of one of the most astonishing intellectual enterprises of all time -- and, as this book proves, one which possesses profound implications for understanding the social control of our bodies and our minds.

Power/Knowledge

Using the work of Foucault, this study examines changing notions of the self and identity and how psychological and sociological discourses have conceptualized and constituted adolescence/youth as the primary client in school counseling. Case studies of mental hygiene films in the United States and a moral panic in New Zealand are used to examine how youth were morally constituted in the postwar period—a time when guidance counseling emerged in Western countries such as the United States, the United Kingdom, Australia, Canada, and New Zealand. The author uses Foucault's notion of governmentality to critically examine how counseling professionalized itself as a disciplinary body.

Counseling Youth

Contributes to Foucauldian scholarship by contextualizing Foucault's key concepts and identifying current and emerging applications of his work.

After Foucault

Introductory study of Michel Foucault as a political thinker.

Foucault and the Political

'Who since Weber, or perhaps even Hobbes, has done as much to show why power is such a profound, elusive and treacherous presence throughout our experience?' The Times Higher Education The third and final volume of the Essential Works of Foucault series, *Power* brings together his writings on the issues that he helped make the core agenda of Western political culture: medicine, prisons, psychiatry, government and sexuality, in particular showing his concerns with human rights, discrimination and exclusion. It also includes articles and open letters published directly in response to the issues of the time, calling for reform in abortion, asylum and the death penalty. All the pieces here bring a new sense of Foucault's huge influence on the politics of personal freedom. Edited by James D. Faubion Translated by Robert Hurley and Others

Power

Michel Foucault's work has profoundly affected the teaching of such diverse disciplines as literary criticism, criminology, and gender studies. Arguing that definitions of abnormal behavior are culturally constructed, Foucault explored the unfair division between those who meet and those who deviate from social norms. Foucault's deeply visual sense of scenes such as ritual public executions, lends itself well to Moshe Süsser's dramatic illustrations.

Foucault For Beginners

The Cambridge Foucault Lexicon is a reference tool that provides clear and incisive definitions and descriptions of all of Foucault's major terms and influences, including history, knowledge, language, philosophy and power. It also includes entries on philosophers about whom Foucault wrote and who influenced Foucault's thinking, such as Deleuze, Heidegger, Nietzsche and Canguilhem. The entries are written by scholars of Foucault from a variety of disciplines such as philosophy, gender studies, political science and history. Together, they shed light on concepts key to Foucault and to ongoing discussions of his work today.

The Cambridge Foucault Lexicon

This book presents a full decade of Sartre's work, from the publication of the *Critique of Dialectical Reason* in 1960, the basic philosophical turning-point in his postwar development, to the inception of his major study on Flaubert, the first volumes of which appeared in 1971. The essays and interviews collected here form a vivid panorama of the range and unity of Sartre's interests, since his deliberate

attempt to wed his original existentialism to a rethought Marxism. A long and brilliant autobiographical interview, given to New Left Review in 1969, constitutes the best single overview of Sartre's whole intellectual evolution. Three analytic texts on the US war in Vietnam, the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia, and the lessons of the May Revolt in France, define his political positions as a revolutionary socialist. Questions of philosophy and aesthetics are explored in essays on Kierkegaard, Mallarmé and Tintoretto. Another section of the collection explores Sartre's critical attitude to orthodox psychoanalysis as a therapy, and is accompanied by rejoinders from colleagues on his journal *Les Temps Modernes*. The volume concludes with a prolonged reflection on the nature and role of intellectuals and writers in advanced capitalism, and their relationship to the struggles of the exploited and oppressed classes. Between Existentialism and Marxism is an impressive demonstration of the breadth and vitality of Sartre's thought, and its capacity to respond to political and cultural changes in the contemporary world.

Between Existentialism and Marxism

Michel Foucault's *The Archaeology of Knowledge* was published in March 1969; *Discipline and Punish* in February 1975. Although only six years apart, the difference in tone is stark: the former is a methodological treatise, the latter a call to arms. What accounts for the radical shift in Foucault's approach? Foucault's time in Tunisia had been a political awakening for him, and he returned to a France much changed by the turmoil of 1968. He taught at the experimental University of Vincennes and then moved to a prestigious position at the Collège de France. He quickly became involved in activist work concerning prisons and health issues such as abortion rights, and in his seminars he built research teams to conduct collaborative work, often around issues related to his lectures and activism. *Foucault: The Birth of Power* makes use of a range of archival material, including newly available documents at the Bibliothèque nationale de France, to provide a detailed intellectual history of Foucault as writer, researcher, lecturer and activist. Through a careful reconstruction of Foucault's work and preoccupations, Elden shows that, while *Discipline and Punish* may be the major published output of this period, it rests on a much wider range of concerns and projects.

Foucault

Michel Foucault examines the archeology of madness in the West from 1500 to 1800 - from the late Middle Ages, when insanity was still considered part of everyday life and fools and lunatics walked the streets freely, to the time when such people began to be considered a threat, asylums were first built, and walls were erected between the "insane" and the rest of humanity.

Madness and Civilization

These thirteen lectures on the 'punitive society,' delivered at the Collège de France in the first three months of 1973, examine the way in which the relations between justice and truth that govern modern penal law were forged, and question what links them to the emergence of a new punitive regime that still dominates contemporary society.

The Punitive Society

First published in 1990, this book was the first to explore Foucault's work in relation to education, arguing that schools, like prisons and asylums, are institutions of moral and social regulation, complex technologies of disciplinary control where power and knowledge are crucial. Original and challenging, the essays assess the relevance of Foucault's work to educational practice, and show how the application of Foucauldian analysis to education enables us to see the politics of educational reform in a new light.

Foucault and Education

This book places Michel Foucault's work in its turbulent philosophical and political context, and critically explores his mission to expose the links between knowledge and power in the human sciences, their discourses and institutions. It explains how Foucault overturned our assumptions about the experience and perception of madness, sexuality and criminality, and the often brutal social practices of confinement, confession and discipline.

Introducing Foucault

Why we are so fascinated with sex and sexuality—from the preeminent philosopher of the 20th century. Michel Foucault offers an iconoclastic exploration of why we feel compelled to continually analyze and discuss sex, and of the social and mental mechanisms of power that cause us to direct the questions of what we are to what our sexuality is.

The History of Sexuality

Michel Foucault remains to this day a thinker who stands unchallenged as one of the most important of the 20th century. Among the characteristics that have made him influential is his insistent blurring of the border separating philosophy and literature and art, carried out on the basis of his confronting the problem of modernism, which he characterizes as a permanent task. To that end, even his most explicitly historical or strictly epistemological and methodological enquiries, which on their surface would seem not to have anything to do with literature, are full of allusions to modernist writers and artists like Mallarmé, Baudelaire, Artaud, Klee, Borges, Broch—sometimes fleetingly, sometimes more extensively, as is the case with Foucault's life-long devotion to Bataille, Klossowski, Blanchot, and de Sade. *Understanding Foucault, Understanding Modernism* shows, on the one hand, that literature and the arts play a fundamental structural role in Foucault's works, while, on the other hand, it shifts to the foreground what it presumes to be motivating Foucault: the interrogation of the problem of modernism.

Understanding Foucault, Understanding Modernism

The most accessible and exhaustive introduction to Foucault's thought to date, including every extant interview made by Foucault from the mid-60s until his death in 1984. Currently in its fourth printing, *Foucault Live* is the most accessible and exhaustive introduction to Foucault's thought to date. Composed of every extant interview made by Foucault from the mid-60s until his death in 1984, *Foucault Live* sheds new light on the philosopher's ideas about friendship, the intent behind his classical studies, while clarifying many of the professional and popular misinterpretations of his ideas over the course of his career. As Gilles Deleuze noted, "the interviews in this book go much further than anything Foucault ever wrote, and they are indispensable in understanding his life work." Most notably, *Foucault Live* includes interviews he made with the gay underground press during his stays in America during the 1970s. In them, Foucault suggests that homosexuality presents a new paradigm for ways of living beyond the predictable, binary couple. All of the philosopher's interests, from madness and delinquency to film and sexuality, and their resultant writings, are probed by knowledgeable critics and journalists. After reading this book, the reader can explore key notions such as episteme, savoir and connaissance, archeology, and archive, without the knitted brow that plagued Foucault's public when he was alive. This is the guide to Foucault's life as an agent provocateur in the world of philosophy and scholarship.

Michel Foucault

Three decades after his death, Michel Foucault remains one of the towering intellectual figures of the last half-century. His works on sexuality, madness, the prison, and medicine are enduring classics. From 1971 until his death in 1984, Foucault gave public lectures at the famous Collège de France. These seminal events, attended by thousands, created the benchmarks for contemporary social enquiry. The lectures comprising *Abnormal* begin by examining the role of psychiatry in modern criminal justice, and its method of categorising individuals who "resemble their crime before they commit it." Building on the themes of societal self-defence developed in earlier works, Foucault shows how defining "normality" became a prerogative of power in the nineteenth century, shaping the institutions—from the prisons to the family—meant to deal with "monstrosity," whether sexual, physical, or spiritual. The Collège de France lectures add immeasurably to our appreciation and understanding of Foucault's thought.

Foucault Live

The two most popular titles by the noted linguist and critic in one volume—an ideal introduction to his work. *On Language* features some of Noam Chomsky's most informal and highly accessible work. In Part I, *Language and Responsibility*, Chomsky presents a fascinating self-portrait of his political, moral, and linguistic thinking. In Part II, *Reflections on Language*, Chomsky explores the more general implications of the study of language and offers incisive analyses of the controversies among psychologists, philosophers, and linguists over fundamental questions of language. "Language and Responsibility is a well-organized, clearly written and comprehensive introduction to Chomsky's thought." —The New York Times Book Review "Language and Responsibility brings together in one readable volume Chomsky's positions on issues ranging from politics and philosophy of science

to recent advances in linguistic theory. . . . The clarity of presentation at times approaches that of Bertrand Russell in his political and more popular philosophical essays.” —Contemporary Psychology
“Reflections on Language is profoundly satisfying and impressive. It is the clearest and most developed account of the case of universal grammar and of the relations between his theory of language and the innate faculties of mind responsible for language acquisition and use.” —Patrick Flanagan

Abnormal

Discipline and Punish

[discipline and punish the birth of prison michel foucault](#)

Foucault Discipline and Punish - Foucault Discipline and Punish by Great Books Prof 34,907 views 2 years ago 8 minutes, 5 seconds - Support this channel <https://www.patreon.com/GreatBooksProf>

Michel Foucault's Discipline and Punish, is challenging. Here is ...

MODES OF PUNISHMENT CHANGE OVER TIME

STUDYING PUNISHMENT REVEALS POWER'S TECHNIQUES

CURRENT JUSTICE & DISCIPLINARY SYSTEMS ILLUMINATE CURRENT POWER DYNAMICS

HAS PUNISHMENT GOTTEN MORE HUMANE?

SUBSTITUTION OF OBJECTS

JUSTICE SYSTEMS ARE HISTORICALLY CONTINGENT

Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison - Michel Foucault - Full Audiobook - Part 1 - Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison - Michel Foucault - Full Audiobook - Part 1 by Theory Audiobooks 61,049 views 3 years ago 10 hours, 45 minutes - In this brilliant work, the most influential philosopher since Sartre suggests that such vaunted reforms as the abolition of torture ...

1. The Body of the Condemned

2. The Spectacle of the Scaffold

1. Generalized Punishment

2. The Gentle Way in Punishment

1. Docile Bodies

The Art of Distributions

The Control of Activity

The Organization of Geneses

The Composition of Forces

2. The Means of Correct Training

Hierarchical Observation

Normalizing Judgement

The Examination

3. Panopticism

Foucault's Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison - Foucault's Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison by University Quick Course 49,943 views 3 years ago 14 minutes, 43 seconds - This is a brief analysis of **Michel Foucault's Discipline and Punish: The Birth**, of the **Prison**,. Bibliography
Primary Sources • Foucault ...

In The History of Madness, Foucault drew a distinction between mental illness and madness; the latter, he argued, is a social construct based on subjective assumptions.

Foucault's intellectual contributions were based on his claim that no one person or group alone possesses power: as the individual is constructed from the power relations in which he or she lives, escape from those power relations is impossible.

For Foucault, discipline is not the top-down application of direct coercion but power used in a way that makes the individual self-regulate.

historically contingent

Foucault seeks to analyze punishment in its social context, and to examine how changing power relations affected punishment.

Prison reformers proposed a theater of punishment, in which a complex system of representations and signs was displayed publicly.

Discipline is a series of techniques by which the body's operations can be controlled. Discipline worked by coercing and arranging the individual's movements and his experience of space and time. Disciplinary power has three elements: hierarchical observation, normalizing judgment and examination. Observation and the gaze are key instruments of power.

Criticism of the failure of prisons misses the point, because failure is part of its very nature. The process by which failure and operation are combined is the carceral system.

The aim of prison, and of the carceral system, is to produce delinquency as a means of structuring and controlling crime.

In *Discipline and Punish*, Foucault begins a deep examination of the relationship between the physical body, the individual, and what he calls power-knowledge — the marriage of power and knowledge that allows the powerful to classify and control people and things.

What Does *Discipline and Punish* Say?

Foucault suggested that the Panopticon and the mechanisms of power it contains extend beyond the prison and into other institutions of society.

Why Does *Discipline and Punish* Matter?

Discipline and Punish traces the evolution of modern power structures such as current prison systems and considers their effects on human freedom and identity.

Foucault's analyses encouraged scholars to dramatically re-evaluate how they view the operation of power, knowledge, and what constitutes the individual.

The theory advanced in *Discipline and Punish* is often used to understand how individuals internalize power and the effect this has on both social relations and the possibility of resistance.

The Origins of Torture & Punishment | The Birth of the Prison Part 1 | Michel Foucault - The Origins of Torture & Punishment | The Birth of the Prison Part 1 | Michel Foucault by a partial perspective 40,762 views 6 years ago 5 minutes, 27 seconds - The **Birth**, of the **Prison**, Part 1 | Origins of Torture & **Punishment**, | **Michel Foucault**, This video is the first part in a series on Michel ...

An Introduction to Michel Foucault's *Discipline and Punish* - A Macat Sociology Analysis - An Introduction to Michel Foucault's *Discipline and Punish* - A Macat Sociology Analysis by Gervasio Chiazzo 127,357 views 7 years ago 3 minutes, 25 seconds - The purpose of this upload is to make it available to Spanish speakers. You can access the original video here: ...

Foucault's Panopticon: Rise of the Surveillance State - Foucault's Panopticon: Rise of the Surveillance State by Great Books Prof 37,824 views 1 year ago 9 minutes - #Foucault #philosophy #surveillance What to Watch Next More videos on **Michel Foucault**,! Foucault: **Discipline and Punish**, ...

Intro

The Plague Town

The Panopticon

The Panopticon Effect

Michel Foucault's "Discipline & Punish" (Part 1/2) - Michel Foucault's "Discipline & Punish" (Part 1/2) by Theory & Philosophy 10,515 views 4 years ago 57 minutes - In this episode, I present the first half of **Foucault's**, seminal **Discipline**, & **Punish**,. In this half he sketches a firm distinction between a ...

Intro

Torture as an abstraction

Modern execution

New questions

Matrix of power

The Code

The Role of Torture

Torture as Confession

Torture as Spectacle

Sovereign Power

Generalized Punishment

New Form of Punishment

The Reformers

Six Rules

Optimal Specification

Punishment

Prisons

Functions of the prison

PHILOSOPHY - Michel Foucault - PHILOSOPHY - Michel Foucault by The School of Life 3,616,611 views 8 years ago 8 minutes, 17 seconds - Michel Foucault, was a philosophical historian who questioned many of our assumptions about how much better the world is today ...

Introduction

Childhood

Mental illness

The medical gaze

Discipline and punish

History of sexuality

Conclusion

Chomsky-Foucault Debate on Power vs Justice (1971) - Chomsky-Foucault Debate on Power vs Justice (1971) by Philosophy Overdose 1,965,924 views 2 years ago 12 minutes, 32 seconds - A few clips of Noam Chomsky and **Michel Foucault**, discussing justice, power, and the notion of human nature in their famous 1971 ...

The Most Evil Packaging Designs That Were Created To Deceive People - The Most Evil Packaging Designs That Were Created To Deceive People by Daily Humor 122,066 views 2 months ago 8 minutes, 10 seconds - For copyright matters please contact : lexuantunglam@gmail.com Music: <https://www.epidemicsound.com/>

Foucault Explained Simply - Foucault Explained Simply by Great Books Prof 6,384 views 5 months ago 10 minutes, 3 seconds - Foucault Explained! **Michel Foucault's**, philosophy is difficult. It's hard to read. It's hard to understand. This video is intended to ...

Jordan Peterson - Foucault The Reprehensible & Derrida The Trickster - Jordan Peterson - Foucault The Reprehensible & Derrida The Trickster by Bite-sized Philosophy 107,330 views 6 years ago 10 minutes, 57 seconds - original source: https://youtu.be/VJMy_BWD3CI?t=29m26s Psychology Professor Dr. Jordan B. Peterson explains the worldview ...

Chomsky on Jordan Peterson, Postmodernism, & Ali G - Chomsky on Jordan Peterson, Postmodernism, & Ali G by Theories of Everything with Curt Jaimungal 1,304,675 views 4 years ago 36 minutes - TIMESTAMPS BY: Irina Li 0:00:00 What are the traits in the left that have changed in the past century? What traits remained the ...

What are the traits in the left that have changed in the past century? What traits remained the same?

Chomsky's opinion on identity politics

When does the left go too far? When does the right go too far?

Chomsky's reminiscences of the anti-war resistance movement in 1960's

Is the line between the right and the left blurring? Do the left and the right still exist?

Public and private Media in the US

The First Amendment and its interpretations

Privatization of Radio, Television, and the Internet

What is the difference between Chomsky's anarchist beliefs and contemporary libertarianism?

Working for corporation as an extreme tyranny

Early Industrial Revolution: Wage labor is indistinguishable from slavery

Should a Holocaust denier have a freedom of speech?

Holocaust denial

Does Chomsky disagree with Jordan Peterson?

Do people get the governments they deserve?

Can the principle of bureaucratic affinity apply to educational institutions?

The last bastions of the relative freedom of expression of research

Do academics still maintain the status quo?

Prosecution of intellectuals

Does academia fit a propaganda model?

Should students not to go to universities?

Disadvantages of online education

Christian anarchist Ivan Illich and his popularity among social activists

Student activism and social movements

How academia lines up with the status quo and at the same time is on the forefront of social change

What is an anarcho-syndicalist's take on education?

Would alternative platforms in education be neglected in public sphere?

Conversation with Michel Foucault and Ali G

Thoughts on Postmodernism

Chomsky's daily routine

What Power Is — Michel Foucault - What Power Is — Michel Foucault by The Living Philosophy 175,550 views 1 year ago 15 minutes - For **Michel Foucault**, Power is critical to understanding the world we live in. Foucault's theory of power revolutionised the way we ...

Introduction

Empirical vs Theoretical

What Power Isn't

What is Power?

Traits of Power: Immanence

Traits of Power: Intentional and Non-Subjective

Traits of Power: Resistance

Force Relations

Dynamism of Force Relations

The Alliance of Force Relations

Are Folio Society Books Worth the Money? - Are Folio Society Books Worth the Money? by Words in Time 3,351 views 1 month ago 13 minutes, 58 seconds - In this unboxing video I show you the deluxe editions of Frankenstein (1831 Edition), Childhood's End, and Ubik from ...

Introduction

Frankenstein

Childhood's End

Ubik

Verdict

The WORST Books I Read in 2023! (so many popular disappointments) - The WORST Books I Read in 2023! (so many popular disappointments) by PeruseProject 52,552 views 2 months ago 26 minutes - Subscription required, subject to consultation. Restrictions apply. See website for full details and important safety information.

Intro.28

Fourth Wing.

Red Rising.

A Day of Fallen Night.

The Wishing Game.

My Best Friends Exorcism.

The Bone Shard Emperor.

Wrath.

The Only One Left.

One Dark Window.

The Viscount Who Loved Me.

Frugal Wizard's Handbook.26: 31

Outro.26:40

Capital Punishment (& Prison Abolition) | Philosophy Tube - Capital Punishment (& Prison Abolition) | Philosophy Tube by Philosophy Tube 1,591,440 views 3 years ago 38 minutes - Paypal.me/PhilosophyTube Twitter: @PhilosophyTube Email: philosophytubebusiness@gmail.com Facebook: ...

Dr Harold Shipman

Do some People Deserve To Die

Does Capital Punishment Deter Crime

Retributivism

Constructive Malice

Timothy Evans

Ruth Ellis

1957 Homicide Act

Criminalization

Noam Chomsky on Moral Relativism and Michel Foucault - Noam Chomsky on Moral Relativism and Michel Foucault by Chomsky's Philosophy 1,165,674 views 8 years ago 20 minutes - Chomsky on moral relativism, cultural relativism and innate moral values.

Introduction

How do you justify moral relativism

Moral values are biological systems

Moral values have advanced

Episode #121 ... Michel Foucault pt. 1 - Discipline and Punish - Episode #121 ... Michel Foucault pt. 1 - Discipline and Punish by Philosophize This! 96,704 views 5 years ago 34 minutes - Thank you for making the show possible.

Discipline and Punish

Social Contract Theory

What Happens When the Power Structure No Longer Serves the Needs of the People

Strict Time Schedule

Surveillance Normalization and Examination

Panopticon

Standard of Being a Good Employee

The Dominant Way of Controlling Human Behavior

Goal of the Modern Penal System

The Modern Soul

Foucault's Philosophy | Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison - Foucault's Philosophy |

Discipline and Punish: The Birth of the Prison by Death Drive Dialectics 1,599 views 3 years ago

1 hour, 5 minutes - In this episode, we tackle **Foucault's**, magnum opus **Discipline and Punish**, (1975) and use **Foucault's**, theoretical insights to ...

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Historical Analysis

Power and Knowledge

Power and Relationships

Power

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First Chapter the Body of the Condemned

Timetable

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The Order of Things

Genealogy (Discipline & Punish)

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THE REPRESSIVE HYPOTHESIS

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